Cíty of Corinth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report





For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011

City of Corinth

Elected Officials



PAUL RUGGIERE
Mayor



JOE HARRISON Mayor Pro Tem Council Place IV



RANDY GIBBONS
Council Place I



JIM MAYFIELD
Council Place II



JOHN BOOHER
Council Place III



BRUCE HANSON Council Place V

Mission Statement

The City government of Corinth exists only to serve its citizens. To that end the City will limit itself to providing, maintaining and upgrading basic services consistent with a family-oriented community. These things will be accomplished through openness and prudent use of revenues. Every action taken by the Council or City employees on behalf of the citizens will be an example of impeccable personal integrity.

CITY OF CORINTH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011



Jim Berzina INTERIM CITY MANAGER

Department of Finance & Administrative Services

Lee Ann Bunselmeyer Director of Finance

> Caryn Riggs Controller

Chris Rodriguez Financial Services Manager



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

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CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

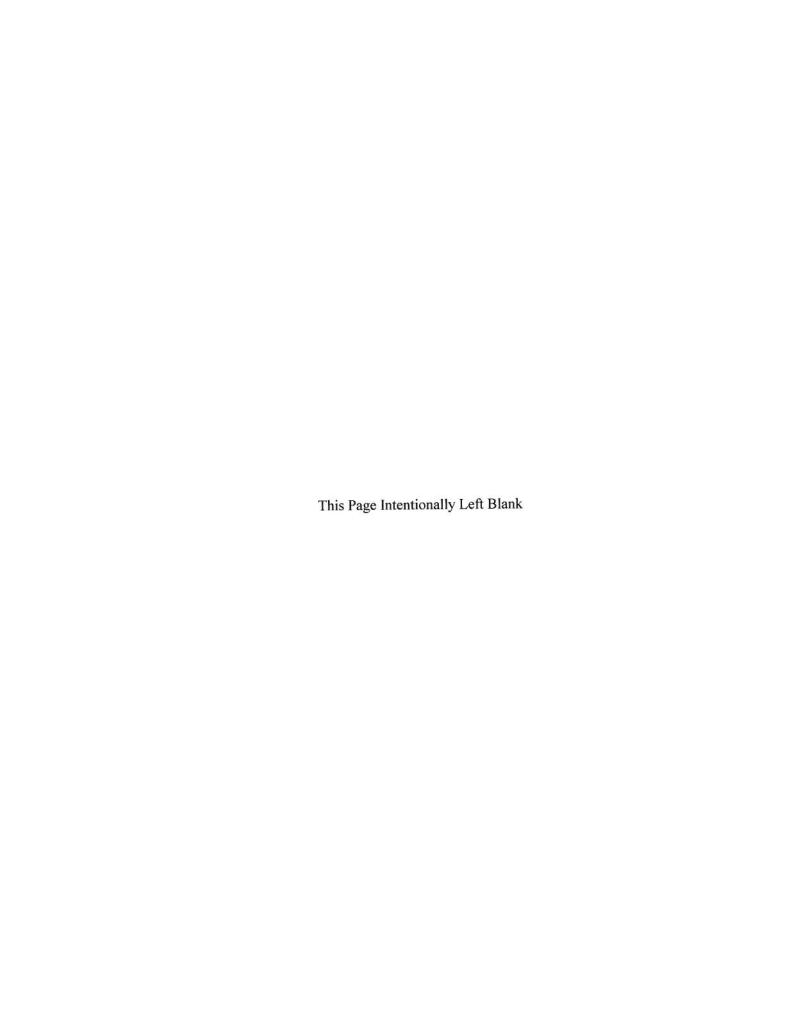
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3300 Corinth Parkway · Corinth, TX · 940.498.3200

March 8, 2012

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens City of Corinth, Texas

The City Manager and the Finance Division of the City of Corinth are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Corinth for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. The purpose of this report is to provide the council, staff, the citizens of Corinth and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the City's financial condition.

This report satisfies §103.001 of the Texas Local Government Code and was conducted in accordance with Section 9.12 of the City Charter. The comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The CAFR is organized into three sections: *Introductory, Financial* and *Statistical*. The *Introductory* section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organization chart, and a list of principal officials. The *Financial* section includes the auditor's report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, combining and individual fund financial statements and other supplemental information. The *Statistical* section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis. The information is presented in table format to assist the reader with a comparative analysis.

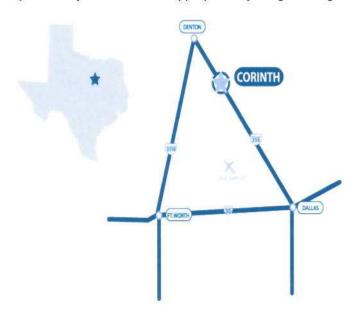
Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Corinth's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The City of Corinth's financial statements have been audited by Rutledge, Crain & Company, PC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent auditor is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Corinth, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Corinth's financial statements for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors report is presented as the first component in the financial section of this annual report.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Corinth, which incorporated September 19, 1960, is located in the north central portion of Texas. This area of the state has proven to be one of the top growth areas in Texas and the United States. The City currently occupies a land area of 7.8 square miles and serves a growing population of approximately 19,935. The City is empowered to levy a property tax on real property and certain personal property located within its boundaries. Corinth is also empowered, by state statute, to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which has occurred periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council of the City.



Corinth has operated under the council-manager form of government since May 6, 1999. This has become a popular form of government throughout the State of Texas. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council consisting of the mayor and five other members. The City Council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing boards and committees, and hiring both the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various City departments. The City Council is elected on a non-partisan, at-large basis. Council members serve two-year staggered terms, with three members elected on one of the two-year rotations, and the Mayor and two remaining members elected on the other two-year rotation.

The City of Corinth provides a full range of municipal services including general government, public safety (police, fire, and animal control), streets, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, code enforcement, and water/wastewater and drainage utilities. Water/wastewater and drainage services are provided through the public works department, which functions, in essence, as a department of the City and therefore has been included as an integral part of the City's financial statements.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Corinth's location, straddling the I35E corridor in Denton County, is ideal for both businesses and residents many of whom commute north to Denton or south to Lewisville or Dallas. Corinth maintains a small-town feel while having the advantages of nearby metro areas.

The City of Corinth, as well as the State of Texas, experienced a continued weakening economy in 2011. The overall Texas economy is still considered healthier than most of the country. Figures from the Texas Workforce Commission indicate a local unemployment rate (Denton County) of 6.3 percent. For the same period the Dallas County's unemployment rate was 7.8 percent, the overall state of Texas rate was 7.2 percent and the nation as a whole was 8.3 percent. Although, the Texas housing market declined through the end of 2010, 2011 appears promising as building permits rise. Nationally the housing market continues to struggle.

Corinth continues to rely heavily on property tax to support its continuing operations, with the City being approximately 85 percent residential. Certified property values increased for the 2010 tax year by \$25.1 million, a 1.81 percent decrease over the 2009 certified value, which had also decreased 1.67 percent from the previous year. While home values decreased, franchise fees from locally operating utility companies came in significantly higher than expected due to the weather experienced in the region during the spring and summer.

Sales Tax Revenue, the second largest revenue source for the City's General Fund, increased by 7.84% over the prior year's receipts in FY 2009-10. For fiscal year 2011-12, sales tax revenue is projected to increase by an additional 5% over fiscal year 2010-11 receipts. Primarily a residential community, Corinth relies heavily on sales tax from taxes paid on utilities. All sales tax collections are as reported by the Texas Comptroller of Public Account. The City is continuing to work to increase its sales tax base with the Corinth Economic Development Corporation which receives the proceeds from a ½ cent sales tax enacted in 2003. Corinth is currently focused on encouraging commercial development and providing the infrastructure required to support it.

With the opening of the newly, redesigned streets, there is a renewed interest in the commercial property bounded by these and along the I-35E frontage road. Listed below are just a few of the highlights.

- The Boulevard Apartments is a 193 unit, up-scale, urban-professional complex. The Boulevard's 4,044 square foot clubhouse features a first class athletic center, Wi-Fi media lounge and opens out to a spectacular resort style salt water pool. The property includes a private jogging trail and a pond with fountains. Leasing at the Boulevard began October 2011.
- Star Nephrology and Liberty Dialysis LLC will begin constructing their new offices and dialysis clinic located at 3400 Corinth Pkwy next to Corinth City Hall. The construction plans for both have been submitted to the city for review and permitting. Star Nephrology will be a 1,591sf doctor's office suite and Liberty Dialysis will occupy the remaining portion of the building with a 7,395sf dialysis treatment center.

These new developments are drawing more interest in Corinth from other apartment, restaurant and commercial developers as the DFW area and Texas economy continues to grow.

MAJOR INITITATIVES

During 2010-11 the City of Corinth continues its focus on maintaining or increasing reserve balances for emergencies to provide stability and flexibility for the organization. The reserve requirement was established at a level of 20% of budgeted expenditures for the General Fund and 25% of budgeted expenditures for the Utility Fund. The unassigned fund balance is \$4,552,509, or 37% of annual budgeted expenditures for the General Fund and the appropriable fund balance of \$4,023,387 million or 36% for the Utility Fund for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

For the second year, the demand for City services continues to increase. The issues associated with rising demand and scarce resources to maintain service levels for police, fire, utilities, streets, parks, and other programs were numerous and complex. That being said, all efforts were made to minimize the effects to the quality of service to the citizens.

Vehicle replacement and adequate funding for vehicle maintenance was the major initiative for the City. In FY 2010-11, the City replaced three patrol vehicles, two Park Maintenance trucks, one Animal Control Truck, one Water Operations vehicles, and two street maintenance vehicles. Additional funding for vehicle maintenance was included for fire, parks, fleet, streets, and community development.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by the City Manager and adopted by the City Council in accordance with policies and procedures established by State law, City Charter, and Council Ordinances. All departments of the City of Corinth are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager based on a budget calendar issued annually. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing the proposed budget. The proposed budget is then presented to the City Council for review prior to approval and adoption. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (i.e., Community Services), department (i.e., Community Services) and division (i.e., Recreation). Department Directors may make transfers of appropriations between divisions within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the City Manager. Any changes to appropriations or transfers between funds require City Council approval. Budgetary comparison schedules are provided in this report in the required supplemental information subsection for the general fund, and in the supplemental information subsection for other funds with legally adopted annual budgets.

CASH MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Funds of the City are invested in accordance with all applicable Texas statutes, the City's Investment Policy and any other approved, written administrative procedures. The five objectives of the City's investment activities, in order of priority, are as follows: Safety — Preservation and Safety of Principal, Liquidity, Diversification, Market Rate-of-Return (Yield), and Public Trust.

Annually, the City reviews and updates the Investment policy. The purpose of the investment policy is to set forth specific investment policy and strategy guidelines for the City in order to safeguard assets with a minimal amount of risk, while maintaining the necessary level of liquidity and maximizing the yield on investments. Accordingly, all of the City's deposits are either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or are collateralized by governmental securities. The maturities of the investments range from 30 days to 36 months, with an average maturity of approximately 243 days. On September 30, 2011, the annualized yield on investments was .61 percent, compared to 1.02 percent for the same period in 2010. Funds available for investment at September 30, 2011 were \$20.4 million, which is a decrease of \$5.2 million in 2010. The decrease in portfolio balance is due to water, wastewater, and street capital project expenditures.

PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City of Corinth participates in the Texas Municipal Retirement Service (TMRS) pension plan for its employee's retirement. These benefits are provided through a statewide plan managed by the State. The City of Corinth has no obligation in connection with employee benefits offered through this plan beyond its annual contractual payment. See Note IV.B for further information on changes in the actuarial assumptions and other changes within the Texas Municipal Retirement System.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Corinth for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. This was the second consecutive year that the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the government also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated October 1, 2010. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The City's Finance Department was recognized as a Gold Medal recipient of the 2011 Texas Leadership Circle Award presented by the Texas Comptroller. The Comptroller Leadership Circle encourages and applauds local governments across Texas that are striving to meet a high standard for financial transparency online by opening their books to the public, providing clear, consistent pictures of spending and sharing information in a user-friendly format. The City of Corinth received the Gold Medal which highlights those entities that are setting the bar with their transparency efforts.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance and administration services department. We would like to express our appreciation for the assistance provided by our auditors, Rutledge, Crain & Company, PC. Credit must also be given to the Mayor and City Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Corinth and its finances.

Respectfully Submitted,	
Signature Redacted	Signature Redacted
Jim/Berzina Interim City Manager	Lee Ann Bunselmeyer <i>U</i> Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Corinth Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

OF THE C. Sandow

OF THE C. Sandow

OF THE C. Sandow

President

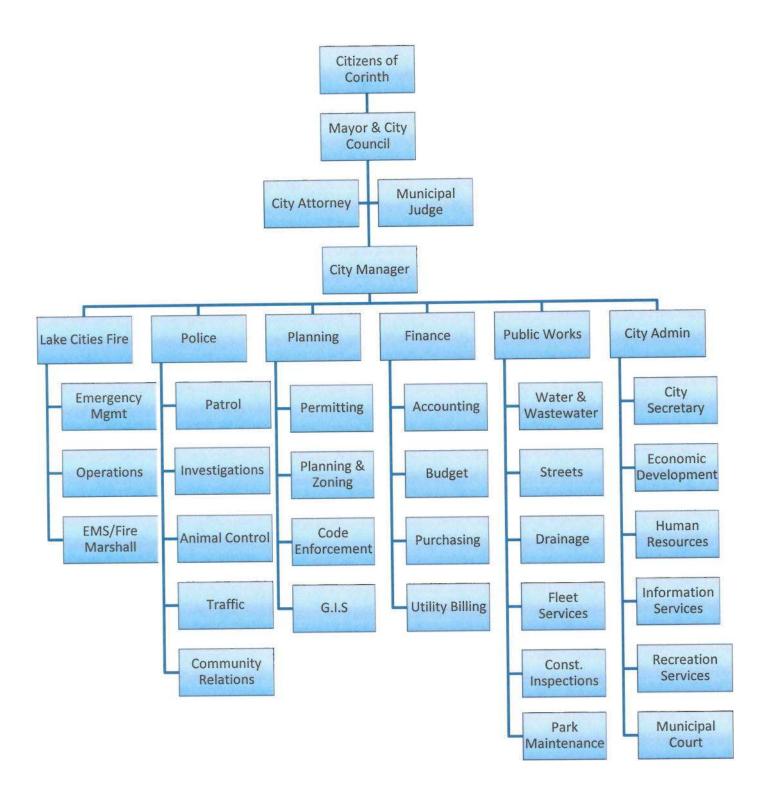
Office of the C. Sandow

President

Office of the C. Sandow

Executive Director

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



City of Corinth, Texas Elected and Appointed Officials

Elected Officials:

Paul Ruggiere Mayor

Randy Gibbons Council Place I

Jim Mayfield Council Place II

John Booher Council Place III

Joe Harrison Mayor Pro Tem, Council Place IV

> Bruce Hanson Council Place V

Appointed Officials:

Jim Berzina Interim City Manager Lee Ann Bunselmeyer Director of Finance

Justin Brown Director of Public Works and Parks Maintenance Fred Gibbs
Director of Planning and
Community Development

Wayne Boling Director of Economic Development Curtis Birt Fire Chief

Debra Bradley Chief of Police

RUTLEDGE CRAIN & COMPANY, PC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2401 Garden Park Court, Suite B Arlington, Texas 76013

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Corinth, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Corinth, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Corinth, Texas' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Corinth, Texas, as of September 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages11 through 19 and 61 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Corinth, Texas financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The required supplementary information and the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them

Rutledge Crain & Company, PC March 8, 2012

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As management of the City of Corinth, (the "City") we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. The Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, to provide an overview of the City's financial activity, to identify changes in the City's financial position and to identify any material deviations from the financial plan. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which is included in this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

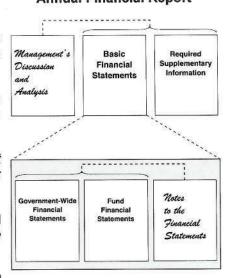
- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$76,142,825 (net assets).
- The government's total net assets, increased \$3,161,715 from the prior year. The increase in net assets
 reflects the degree to which revenues exceeded expenses.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,098,895, a decrease of \$2,469,380 in comparison with the prior year. Of the combined ending balances, \$4,283,651 or 42 percent is available for spending within the City's guidelines (unassigned fund balance).
- The City's unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$4,552,509, or 37 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's long term liabilities of \$33,343,991 decreased \$2,288,736 during fiscal year 2011. The decrease
 reflects the principal portion of debt payments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Corinth's basic financial statements. The City of Corinth basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

Required Components of the City's Annual Financial Report

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources in question belong.



Summary Detail

Figure 1 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City of Corinth's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Corinth is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing the government's assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of Thus, flows. related cash revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes

Fund Statements Fiduciary Funds Type of Statements Government-wide Governmental Proprietary Funds Activities the City operates Entire City's government Instances in which the City The activities of the City (except fiduciary funds) similar to private that are not proprietary or is the trustee or agent for and the City's component businesses or self fiduciary someone else's resources insurance funds units Statement of fiduciary · Statement of net assets · Balance sheet · Statement of net assets net assets Statement of revenues.
 Statement of revenues. Required financial · Statement of changes in expenditures & changes in expenditures & changes in fiduciary net assets · Statement of activities fund net assets fund balance · Statement of cash flows Modified accrual Accrual accounting and Accrual accounting and Accounting basis and Accrual accounting and accounting and current economic resources focus economic resources focus economic resources focus measurement focus financial resources focus Only assets expected to All assets and liabilities All assets and liabilities. be used up and liabilities All assets and liabilities. both financial and capital, Type of asset/liability both financial and capital. that come due during the both financial and capital. short-term and long-term; information year or soon thereafter; no short-term and long-term short-term and long-term may contain captial assets capital assets included Revenues for which cash is received or soon after the end of the year; All revenue and expenses All revenue and expenses All revenue and expenses Type of inflow/outflow during year, regardless of expenditures when goods during year, regardless of during year, regardless of when cash is received or when cash is received or information when cash is received or or services have been received and payment is paid due during the year or soon thereafter

Figure 1, Major Feature of the City's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include public safety, fire services, community services, planning and community development, public works, city administration, finance and administrative services and debt service. The business-type activities are the water and wastewater utility fund, which includes contracted garbage collection services, and the storm water utility fund.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Economic Development Corporation as a component unit for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 23 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Corinth, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Corinth report eighteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund and the 2007 CO Streets fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the non-major governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Fund data for the non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City of Corinth adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 23 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Corinth maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Corinth uses two enterprise funds to account for its water and wastewater operations and for its storm water utility fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and wastewater utility fund and the storm water utility fund. The water and wastewater utility fund is considered to be a major fund of the City.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 39 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$76,142,825 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City of Corinth's net assets (80 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Corinth uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Corinth's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the City's net assets (3 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$12,713,524) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The City currently has \$21,177,328 available in cash and investments that may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. At the end of the current fiscal year the City of Corinth is able to report positive balances in the government-wide as a whole and the business-type activities.

TABLE

		Governmental A	ctivities	es Business-type Activities			Total		
		2011	2010	2011	2010	2011		2010	
Current and other assets	\$	13,151,318 \$	14,999,495 \$	13,378,569 \$	14,975,823	\$ 26,529,887	\$	29,975,318	
Capital assets	27.	59,098,867	56,322,880	26,997,844	26,223,645	86,096,711		82,546,525	
Total assets		72,250,185	71,322,375	40,376,413	41,199,468	112,626,598		112,521,843	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		19,529,183	20,439,024	13,814,808	15,193,703	33,343,991		35,632,727	
Other liabilities		1,927,695	1,627,462	1,212,087	2,375,327	3,139,782		4,002,789	
Total liabilities	-	21,456,878	22,066,486	15,026,895	17,569,030	36,483,773		39,635,516	
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		41,537,428	39,858,647	19,490,897	17,746,701	61,028,325		57,605,348	
Restricted		1,825,248	6,713,859			1,825,248		6,713,859	
Unrestricted		7,430,631	2,683,383	5,858,621	5,883,737	13,289,252		8,567,120	
Total net assets	\$	50,793,307 \$	49,255,889 \$	25,349,518 *\$	23,630,438	\$ 76,142,825	\$	72,886,327	

Government-wide activities. As shown below, governmental activities increased net assets by \$1,442,636 business-type activities increased net assets by \$1,719,079. A detailed examination of all the elements effecting net assets can be found in Table II.

TABLE II

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
9 -	2011		2010	2011		2010		2011		2009	
Revenues:											
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 4,606,339	\$	4,534,788	\$ 12,774,251	\$	11,681,177	\$	17,380,590	\$	16,215,965	
Operating grants and contributions	152,477		166,836	~ 2		(4)		152,477		166,836	
Capital grants and contributions	858,404		1,243,666	1,303,744		1,255,490		2,162,148		2,499,156	
General revenues											
Property taxes	8,236,635		8,117,648			127		8,236,635		8,117,648	
Sales taxes	1,591,901		1,463,459	2		20		1,591,901		1,463,459	
Franchise taxes	1,083,786		919,700	9-				1,083,786		919,700	
Other taxes			a-sessamil					E/		\$200 4000 mar 1000 mar 100	
Investment interest	98,465		207,718	75,308		157,497		173,773		365,215	
Miscellaneous	 34,555		20,054	31,858		355,428		66,413		375,482	
Total Revenues	\$ 16,662,562	\$	16,673,869	\$ 14,185,161	\$	13,449,592	\$	30,847,723	\$	30,123,461	
Expenses:											
Public safety	7,454,086		7,716,433	·*				7,454,086		7,716,433	
Community services	1,713,873		1,979,094	(27)		920		1,713,873		1,979,094	
Public works	4,268,961		4,152,860	(1 0)		8 3 4		4,268,961		4,152,860	
Planning and community development	709,683		875,457	-		7		709,683		875,457	
City administration	1,663,492		1,876,455			Ø ≡ 0		1,663,492		1,876,455	
Finance and administrative services	634,749		688,069					634,749		688,069	
Interest on long-term debt	809,445		920,663	(-		(*)		809,445		920,663	
Water and wastewater	100		273	9,981,826		10,261,683		9,981,826		10,261,683	
Drainage				449,894		527,768		449,894		527,768	
Total Expenses	\$ 17,254,289	\$	18,209,031	\$ 10,431,720	\$	10,789,451	\$	27,686,009	\$	28,998,482	
Increase (decrease) in net assets before											
transfers, contributions and special items	(591,727)		(1,535,162)	3,753,441		2,660,141		3,161,714		1,124,979	
Special Item inflow/(Outflow)	(700,000)		4000 22 <u>.</u>	700,000		523		(<u>~</u>		5#	
Net transfers	2,734,363		550,426	(2,734,363)		(550,426)		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	1,442,636		(984,736)	1,719,078		2,109,715		3,161,714		1,124,979	
Net assets - beginning, as restated (see Note I.E.)	49,255,891		52,507,185	23,630,440		21,520,725		72,886,331		74,027,910	
Prior period adjustment	94,780		(2,266,558)	18				94,780		(2,266,558)	
Net assets - ending	\$ 50,793,307	\$	49,255,891	\$ 25,349,518	\$	23,630,440	\$	76,142,825	\$	72,886,331	

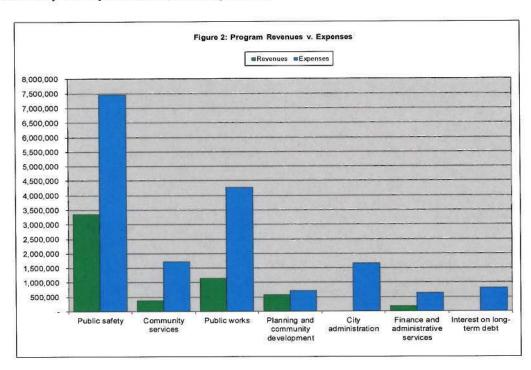
City of Corinth's Changes in Net Assets. The City's governmental funds decreased fund balance by \$2,469,380. The decrease can be attributed to the use of funds in the 2007 CO Streets fund, the 2007 CO Tech fund, and the 2010 CO Fire Fund for Capital Improvement Projects. Net assets, as part of the government-wide reports, are reported on a full-accrual basis. The reconciliation between the overall decrease to governmental fund balances and the \$1,442,636 net increase to governmental activities net assets illustrates the differences in reporting between the modified accrual basis used in the funds and full-accrual used at the government-wide level.

The following are the most significant factors in the reconciliation:

- Depreciation of capital assets is not reported in the funds.
- Donations/developer contributions do not constitute revenue in the funds, but are reported as an increase to net assets.
- Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but not an expense in the statement of activities.
- Bond proceeds are reported as current resources in the funds but are not reported as revenue in the statement of activities.

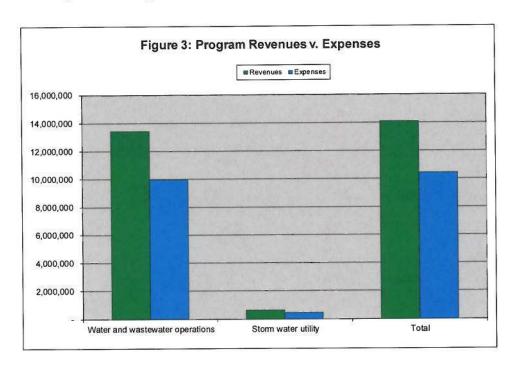
Exhibit A-6 on page 33 provides a detailed reconciliation between the statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances of governmental funds.

Governmental Activities. Public safety, community services, public works, and planning and community development account for 82% of the expenditures for the governmental activities. City administration, finance and administrative services and interest on long-term debt account for the remaining 18% of total expenses. These expenses were funded by revenues collected from a variety of sources. Property taxes produced \$8,236,635 or 49 percent, Charges for services accounted for \$4,606,339 or 28%, sales taxes was \$1,591,901 or 10%, franchise taxes provided \$1,083,786 or 7%, and capital grants and contributions provided \$858,404 or 5% of the revenues for the governmental activities. The remaining 2% of revenue is made up of operating grants and contributions, investment interest and other miscellaneous revenue. Figure 2 provides a graphic representation of the City's expenditures and any directly related revenues by source.



Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$1,719,079. A key element of this increase is charges for services, emerging as a major revenue source for the Water and Wastewater fund producing \$12,221,335 and Storm water utility producing \$552,916 in revenue. Charges for services account for 74% of the revenue. Contributions of assets arising from new property development within the City, totaled \$1,303,744 in revenue. The remaining .6 percent of revenue is made up of investment interest and other miscellaneous revenue.

Total revenue from water and wastewater sales and services was \$12,221,335; associated costs of water, wastewater treatment, and operations and maintenance accounted for \$9,981,826 of the total business-type expenses of \$10,431,720. The remaining \$449,894 in expenses for business-type activities is associated with the storm water utility. Storm water utility fees brought in \$552,916 in revenue. The following chart (Figure 3) provides a graphic representation of the City's business-type expenses and any directly related revenues by source.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$10,098,895, a decrease of \$2,469,380 in comparison with the prior year. The net decrease in combined ending fund is due to the following: a net increase in the general fund balance of \$800,932, a net increase in the debt service fund of \$495,828, a net decrease in the 2007 CO Streets fund of \$3,042,858, and a net decrease of \$723,282 in other governmental funds.

Of the combined total governmental fund balances of \$10,098,895, \$4,552,509 (45 percent) reflects the general fund *unassigned* fund balance which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The fund balance that is designated as *restricted* is not available for new spending due to debt service, \$1,288,069, restrictions and constructions contracts, \$3,139,690. The fund balance that is designated as *committed*, \$1,170,771

represents those amounts committed to liquidate contracts or encumbrances. The fund balance amount designated as *nonspendable* is for prepaid items, \$11,416, and inventories, \$205,297.

General Fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Corinth. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$4,552,509 while total fund balance reached \$4,769,223. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures for the fiscal year. Unassigned fund balance represents 37 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 39 percent of that same amount.

This year, in the general fund, revenues were more than expected by a total of \$568,454. Property Tax and Recreation Fees collected were less than budget by \$61,314 and \$46,160, respectively. Sales Tax, Franchise Tax, Fees and Permits, Fines and forfeitures and Fire Services were above budget by \$129,411, \$106,418, \$294,134, \$10,286 and \$107,142, respectively. The City budgeted for no growth in fiscal year 2011. While revenues were over budget; expenditures were under budget by \$399,582. The net effect, however, at year end was an excess of \$968,036 of revenues over expenditures in the general fund.

Debt Service Fund. As part of the budgetary process, the government enacts a dedicated property tax for debt service each fiscal year. The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$1,288.069, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service.

2007 CO Streets Fund. This fund is used to track revenues and expenditures related to the Series 2007 CO debt issue for streets projects. The fund balance represents unspent proceeds of that debt issue.

Other Governmental Funds. The non-major governmental funds are the Crime Control and Prevention fund, Street Maintenance fund, Insurance and Risk fund, Hotel-Motel Tax fund, Special Revenue fund, Municipal Court Security fund, Municipal Court Technology fund, Parks Development fund, Elm Fork Trails Grant fund, Roadway Impact Fee fund, Vehicle Replacement fund, Street Escrow fund, 2004 Tax Note fund, 2007 CO Tech fund, and the 2010 CO Fire fund. Each of these funds is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to specific purposes.

- The Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District is a special sales tax of \$.0025 levied for crime control and prevention within the City. Sales tax collections were \$12,347 more than budgeted, interest earnings were more than budgeted by \$230 and expenditures were \$29 less than budgeted. The budgeted use of fund balance was \$55,545, due to the increase in revenues more than the increase in expenditures, the use of fund balance was \$39,902.
- The Street Maintenance Sales Tax fund accounts for the collection of a special sales tax of \$.0025. Sales tax collections were more than budgeted by \$32,104, interest earnings were more than budgeted by \$2,763 and budgeted expenditures were less than budget by \$167,022, which combined increased fund balance by \$175,889.

Proprietary funds. The City of Corinth's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City maintains two enterprise funds, the water and wastewater fund and the storm water utility fund.

Water and wastewater fund assets of \$35,221,047 exceeded liabilities of \$12,582,498, reporting net assets of \$22,638,549. The net non-operating revenues and expenses were (\$459,729), which included investment interest, debt service interest and amortization of bond issue costs, as well as the sale of aging and obsolete capital assets at auction. The largest portion of the non-operating expenses was \$558,553 of interest expenses. Unrestricted net assets for the water and wastewater fund increased from \$4,497,399 in fiscal year 2010 to \$5,082,758 for fiscal year 2011.

Storm water utility fund assets of \$5,155,366 exceeded liabilities of \$2,444,397, leaving total net assets of \$2,710,969. Total net assets increased \$391,514, unrestricted net assets decreased from \$1,386,338 to \$775,863. The storm water utility reported operating income of \$219,170 in fiscal year 2011. Net non-operating revenues and expenses were (\$107,808) which includes \$4,342 in interest income.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

For fiscal year 2010-11, General Fund actual expenditures (including transfers) were \$12,479,131 compared to the final budget of \$12,878,713. The \$399,582 variance was primarily due to reduced costs of \$103,459 for the city administration, \$24,687 due to reduced costs for public safety, reduced costs of \$57,742 for public works and \$158,407 due to reduced costs for parks and recreation. Actual revenue (including transfers) was \$13,280,063 million compared to the final budget of \$12,709,802. Of the \$570,261 revenue variance, approximately \$129,411 was due to increased sales tax collection, \$106,418 for increased franchise fees, \$107,142 for increased fire service charges, and \$294,134 for increased development fees and permits. Like many cities in the area and around the nation, the city experienced an upturn in the current economic conditions.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City of Corinth's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of September 30, 2011, amounts to \$86,096,711 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities and infrastructure. The total change in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year represents purchases, retirements, construction in progress for infrastructure and transfers and adjustments as of September 30, 2011.

TABLE III
CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END

	Governmen	tal Ad	ctivities		Business-Type Activities				TOTAL				
	2011	30	2010	ille -	2011		2010	1/2	2011		2010		
Land	\$ 2,238,623	\$	1,459,222	\$	466,389	\$	1,164,316	\$	2,705,012	\$	2,623,538		
CIP	690,692		6,444,045		2,549,877		6,227,869		3,240,569		12,671,914		
Buildings	4.656,295		4,697,063		114,999		122,136		4,771,294		4,819,199		
Machinery and equipment	2.941,603		2,680,816		459,451		535,104		3,401,054		3,215,920		
Infrastructure	48,571,654		41,041,734		23,407,128		18,174,220		71,978,782		59,215,954		
Total capital assets	\$ 59,098,867	\$	56,322,880	\$	26,997,844	\$	26,223,645	\$	86,096,711	\$	82,546,525		

Readers desiring more detailed information on capital asset activity should see note III.C. in the Notes to Basic Financial Statements on page 48.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, The City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$32,230,000 consisting of General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Obligation. All debt payments were made when due. Outstanding debt decreased in fiscal year 2011 by \$2,120,000 (see Note III.E.).

TABLE IV OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END

		Governmen	ital Activities			Business-Type Activities				TOTAL			
	0.	2011	3	2010		2011		2010	1901-0	2011	65	2010	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	9,082,075	\$	10,106,450	\$	1,777,925	\$	1,923,550	\$	10,860,000	\$	12,030,000	
Certificates of Obligation and Tax Notes		9,632,000		9,364,000		11,738,000		12,956,000		21,370,000	50/25	22,320,000	
Total outstanding debt	\$	18,714,075	\$	19,470,450	\$	13,515,925	\$	14,879,550	\$	32,230,000	\$	34,350,000	

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in this report in the notes to the financial statements on page 50.

Moody's Investor's Service, Inc. has given the city's General Obligation Bond and the Certificates of Obligation a rating of "A2". Standard and Poor's Corporation has given both the City's General Obligation and Certificates of Obligation an 'AA-" rating. The City is permitted by Article XI. Section 5 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$2.50 per

\$100 of assessed valuation for general governmental services including the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt. The current ratio of tax-supported debt to certified assessed value of all taxable property is 20.53 percent.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Corinth continues to rely heavily on property tax to support its continuing operations, with the City being approximately 85 percent residential. Taxable assessed property values increased for the 2010 tax year by \$25.1 million, a 1.81 percent increase over the 2009 certified value, which had decreased 1.67 percent from the previous year. Franchise fees from locally operating utility companies came in significantly higher than expected due to the weather experienced in the region during the spring and summer.

Sales Tax Revenue, the second largest revenue source for the City's General Fund, increased over the prior year's receipts in FY 2010-11. For fiscal year 2011-12, sales tax revenue is projected to increase by a 5% over fiscal year 2010-11 receipts. Primarily a residential community, Corinth relies heavily on sales tax from taxes paid on utilities. All sales tax collections are as reported by the Texas Comptroller of Public Account. The City is continuing to work to increase its sales tax base with the Corinth Economic Development Corporation which receives the proceeds from a ½ cent sales tax enacted in 2003. Corinth is currently focused on encouraging commercial development and providing the infrastructure required to support it.

The budget demonstrated signs that a recovery may be starting to occur. The city experienced significant increases in development fines & fees and sales tax during FY 2010-11. Additionally, all other revenues held firm. Departments limited their requests for funds and absorbed increased demands for service with reduced staffing and support. The budget reflected the commitment to deliver quality service through carefully planned resource allocations.

The City Council approved a tax rate of \$.59292 for fiscal year 2012. General operations and maintenance will receive \$.44946 of the total and the remaining \$.14346 and a budgeted use of debt service fund balance will fund long-term debt of the City. Additionally, the City Council approved a three year rate plan for water, wastewater, and storm drainage in April 2011. The plan included a rate increase for wastewater and storm drainage, and a decrease in rates for water.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Director of Finance, City of Corinth, 3300 Corinth Parkway, Corinth, Texas, 76208.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

			Prim	ary Governmer	nt			
	G	overnmental		usiness-type			(Component
		Activities		Activities		Total		Unit
ASSETS			-					
Cash	\$	1,659,031	\$	818,091	\$	2,477,122	\$	329,803
Investments		8,473,500		10,226,706		18,700,206		1,856,119
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):		2,648,153		2,042,739		4,690,892		115,551
Inventories		205,297		192,306		397,603		
Prepaid items		11,416		**		11,416		 -
Deferred charges		153,921		98,727		252,648		22
Capital assets not being depreciated:		W.						
Land		2,238,623		466,389		2,705,012		550
Construction in progress		690,692		2,549,877		3,240,569		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):		77.7				W		
Buildings		4,656,295		114,999		4,771,294		
Machinery and equipment		2,941,603		459,451		3,401,054		
Infrastructure		48,571,654		23,407,128		71,978,782		
Total Assets		72,250,185		40,376,413		112,626,598		2,301,473
Subsection and the subsection of the subsection			-		=			
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable		188,228		626,315		814,543		38
Accrued liabilities		116,701		20,325		137,026		1,993
Accrued interest payable		100,144		86,457		186,601		45-5
Municipal court bonds		1,508		1 40		1,508		
Customer meter deposits				478,990		478,990		
Other liabilities		829,955		8 44 8		829,955		2,706
Unearned revenue		691,159		2 55 2		691,159		2 50
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Due within one year		1,865,915		756,519		2,622,434		7,743
Due in more than one year		17,663,268		13,058,289		30,721,557	-202	
Total Liabilities		21,456,878		15,026,895		36,483,773		12,480
NET ASSETS								
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		41,537,428		19,490,897		61,028,325		H-10
Restricted For:								
Debt Service		1,323,790		-		1,323,790		
Capital Projects		501,458		52 32 72		501,458		8.44
Unrestricted		7,430,631		5,858,621		13,289,252		2,288,993
Total Net Assets	\$	50,793,307	\$	25,349,518	\$	76,142,825	\$	2,288,993

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

					Progr	am Revenue	es	
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Charges for Services	G	Operating Frants and Intributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:								
Governmental Activities:						20 557	22	
Public safety	\$	7,454,086	\$	3,218,248	\$	88,051	\$	45,966
Community services		1,713,873		305,958		64,426		227
Public works		4,268,961		340,413				812,438
Planning and community development		709,683		564,447		775		5.5°÷
City Administration		1,663,492				202 0		22
Finance and administrative services		634,749		177,273		22		100
Interest on long-term debt		809,445		22)				-
Total Governmental Activities	50	17,254,289	5 8=	4,606,339		152,477		858,404
Business-type Activities:								
Water and Sewer		9,981,826		12,221,335				1,234,947
Storm Drainage		449,894		552,916				68,797
Total Business-type Activities		10,431,720		12,774,251		<u>104</u>		1,303,744
Total Primary Government	\$	27,686,009	\$	17,380,590	\$	152,477	\$_	2,162,148
COMPONENT UNIT:								
Economic Development Corporation	\$	291,414	\$		\$		\$_	-

General Revenues:

Property taxes
Sales taxes
Franchise taxes
Miscellaneous income

Unrestricted investment earnings

Gain on sale of capital assets

Special item inflow Special item outflow

Transfers

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning Prior Period Adjustment Net Assets - Ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue	and	Changes	in	Net Asse	ets
--------------	-----------	-----	---------	----	----------	-----

(Sovernmental Activities	[2] - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -				C	omponent Unit
\$	(4,101,821) (1,343,489) (3,116,110) (145,236) (1,663,492) (457,476) (809,445) (11,637,069)			\$	(4,101,821) (1,343,489) (3,116,110) (145,236) (1,663,492) (457,476) (809,445) (11,637,069)		
	 (11,637,069)	\$	3,474,456 171,819 3,646,275 3,646,275		3,474,456 171,819 3,646,275 (7,990,794)		
						\$	(291,414)
2	8,236,635 1,591,901 1,083,786 34,555 98,465 (700,000) 2,734,363 13,079,705 1,442,636 49,255,891		 31,281 75,308 578 700,000 (2,734,363) (1,927,196) 1,719,079 23,630,439		8,236,635 1,591,901 1,083,786 65,836 173,773 578 700,000 (700,000) 11,152,509 3,161,715 72,886,330		 528,205 45 14,202 542,452 251,038 2,037,955
\$	94,780 50,793,307	\$_	 25,349,518	\$_	94,780 76,142,825	\$	 2,288,993

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	
ASSETS			
Cash	\$ 4,872	\$ 8,720	
Investments	4,495,960	1,275,312	
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):			
Property taxes	68,470	23,054	
Sales taxes	228,927	3 11	
Accounts	35,235	16,549	
Interest	4,081	156	
Warrants	1,560,778	9 204	
Ambulance	98,216	Name :	
Miscellaneous	269,506	121 C	
Due from other governments	193,065	7 1224 53	
Due from other funds	www.	0 00 0	
Inventories	205,297	(55)	
Prepaid items	11,416		
Total Assets	\$7,175,823	\$1,323,791	
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	\$ 126,625	\$	
Accrued liabilities	114,215	() () (
Municipal court bonds	1,508	5.000 H	
Due to other funds	321,675	2 <u>44</u> 2	
Other liabilities	807,346	-	
Deferred revenue	1,035,231	35,722	
Total Liabilities	2,406,600	35,722	
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	216,714	, 	
Restricted	22	1,288,069	
Committed			
Unassigned	4,552,509		
Total Fund Balances	4,769,223	1,288,069	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$7,175,823	\$ 1,323,791	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT A-3

2007 CO Streets Fund		Other Governmental Funds	G	Total sovernmental Funds
\$ 63,64 1,103,03		1,567,791 1,599,195	\$	1,645,032 8,473,500
-		225		91,524
(min)		100,664		329,591
£		1000 Contract		51,784
1,08	1	669		5,987
		<u>9250</u>		1,560,778
H-0		-		98,216
 -		47,702		317,208
=		<u> </u>		193,065
200.000		321,675		321,675
-				205,297
7.		1000	E-10-	11,416
\$ 1,167,76	3_ \$	3,637,696	\$	13,305,073
\$ 20,05	2 \$	41,551	\$	188,228
		2,485		116,700
		12 -12		1,508
				321,675
-		8,609		815,955
_		691,159		1,762,112
20,05	52	743,804		3,206,178
				216,714
1,147,71	1	1,723,121		4,158,901
1, 147,7	R.M.	1,170,771		1,170,771
		1,170,771		4,552,509
1,147,71	11	2,893,892		10,098,895
\$ 1,167,76	33	3,637,696	\$	13,305,073

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CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet

10,098,895

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	59,098,867
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	75,409
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(18,824,278)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(100, 144)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(704,905)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	153,921
Court fines receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	846,752
Ambulance receivables unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	98,216
Assessments receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	16,549
Liens receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	34,025

Net assets of governmental activities - Statement of Net Assets

50,793,307

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENÚES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund
Revenue:		
Taxes:		
Property	\$ 6,244,539	\$ 1,991,395
Sales	1,067,987	-
Hotel occupancy tax		7272 SI
Franchise	1,083,786	(***
Escrow and impact fees	== .	8775
Utility fees	20,668	
Traffic fines and forfeitures	607,136	4,500,0
Development fees & permits	514,834	5 3
Police fees & permits	26,298	40 00 3
Parks & recreation fees	159,993	
Fire services	2,277,955	3 == 1
Donations	40	3 4 4 4 3
Grants	**	(2 00)
Interest income	63,185	10,441
Miscellaneous income	42,565	(C <u>A-24</u>)
Charges for services	269,635	2 10 2
Total revenues	12,378,621	2,001,836
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Public safety	7,088,578	7305
Community services	1,594,788	
Public works	816,586	22
Planning and community development	669,510	***
City Administration	1,411,962	
Finance and administrative services	614,157	
Capital Outlay	900 <u>0</u>	
Debt Service:		25 20200 e40000
Principal	8 75 7	1,456,375
Interest	19 22 7	847,405
Total Expenditures	12,195,581	2,303,780
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	183,040	(301,944)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		707.770
Transfers in	901,442	797,772
Transfers out	(283,550)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	617,892	797,772
Net Change in Fund Balances	800,932	495,828
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,873,511	792,241
Prior Period Adjustment	94,780	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,769,223	\$1,288,069

EXHIBIT A-5

2007 CO Streets Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$ 8,235,934
-	484,473	1,552,460
	39,441	39,441
	<u> </u>	1,083,786
1220	336,528	336,528
		20,668
	27,005	634,141
NOTIFIED AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	these	514,834
NTD0	33,243	59,541
0.0000	197	160,190
		2,277,955
812,438	152,353	964,831
012,430	47,776	47,776
10,481	14,357	98,464
41	117,922	160,528
99.00		269,635
822,960	1,253,295	16,456,712
	985,043 157,477 823,988 30,076 42,469	8,073,621 1,752,265 1,640,574 699,586 1,454,431
117 1		614,157
4,957,827	164,214	5,122,041
	man and a second	1,456,375
		847,405
4,957,827	2,203,267	21,660,455
(4,134,867)	(949,972)	(5,203,743)
1,624,190	288,135	3,611,539
(532,181)	(61,445)	(877,176)
1,092,009	226,690	2,734,363
(3,042,858)	(723,282)	(2,469,380)
4,190,569	3,617,174	12,473,495
2	And the second of the second o	94,780
\$ 1,147,711	\$ 2,893,892	\$10,098,895

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CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(2,469,380)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		6,804,484
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(4,016,677)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.		(11,820)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		21,393
Revenues in the SOA not providing current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(700,000)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		1,456,375
Bond issuance costs and similar items are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.		(15,367)
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		53,325
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the fund	3.	135,844
Certain fine revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		212,467
Certain ambulance receivables are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		1,508
Certain assessment revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	_	(29,516)
Change in net assets of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$_	1,442,636

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ENTERPRISE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

ASSETS:	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund	Enterprise Fund Storm Drainage Fund	Total Enterprise Funds
Current Assets:			- rungs
Current Assets:			
Investments	\$ 639,897	7 \$ 178,194	\$ 818,091
	9,248,999		
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Accounts	B 90	0,1,10,	10,226,706
NOT SECULATION OF THE SECURATION OF THE SECULATION OF THE SECURATION OF THE SECURATI	1,950,921	69,072	2.040.000
Interest	15,652		
Miscellaneous	5,399	.,000	
Inventories	183,546		6,029
Total Current Assets	12,044,414		192,306
W 8	,2,011,111	1,235,428	13,279,842
Noncurrent Assets:			
Deferred charges	82,331	10,000	
Capital Assets:	02,001	16,396	98,727
Land	464,378	0.044	
Construction in Progress	2,549,877	-1011	466,389
Buildings			2,549,877
Machinery and Equipment	229,633		229,633
Infrastructure	1,077,849		1,344,481
Less Accumulated Depreciation	27,070,336	1,100,771	31,207,107
Total Name of Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	(8,297,771)	(,/	(8,799,643)
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,903,542	26,997,844
	23,176,633	3,919,938	27,096,571
Total Assets	35,221,047	5,155,366	40,376,413
LIABILITIES:		-1,10,000	40,370,413
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable			
Accrued liabilities	624,034	2,281	626,315
Accrued interest payable	19,196	1,129	20,325
Customer meter deposits	71,773	14,684	86,457
Compensated absences	478,990	<u> 201</u> 0	478,990
Current portion of certificates of obligation	45,240	3,140	48,380
Current portion of certificates of obligation	436,647	123,347	559,994
Current portion of general obligation bonds Total Current Liabilities	148,145		148,145
Total Current Liabilities	1,824,025	144,581	1,968,606
Noncurrent Liabilities:			1,300,000
Compensated absences	34,636	272	24.000
Certificates of obligation	9,133,366	2,299,544	34,908
General obligation bonds	1,590,471	2,233,344	11,432,910
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	10,758,473	2,299,816	1,590,471
Total Liabilities	12,582,498	2,444,397	13,058,289
		2,444,397	15,026,895
NET ASSETS:			
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	17,555,791	1.005.400	
Unrestricted Net Assets	5,082,758	1,935,106	19,490,897
Table	0,002,700	775,863	5,858,621
Total Net Assets	22,638,549	\$2,710,969	\$ 25,349,518

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

OPERATING REVENUES:	_	Enterprise Fund Water and Sewer Fund		Enterprise Fund Storm Drainage Fund	2	Total Enterprise Funds
Water sales	\$	6,888,493	\$	<u> 22</u>	\$	6 000 400
Sewer disposal	Ψ	4,047,272	Ψ		Ф	6,888,493
Storm drainage fees		-,047,272		549,393		4,047,272
Garbage		916,580		349,393		549,393
Penalties and reconnect fees		204,224				916,580
Tap fees		106,215		775 A		204,224
Service fees		35,152		1 (S)		106,215
Inspections				2.504		35,152
Total Operating Revenues		23,400	-	3,524	100	26,924
Total Operating Nevertues	-	12,221,336	-	552,917		12,774,253
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Wages & Benefits		1,284,661		110 050		4 404 540
Professional Services & Contracts				119,858		1,404,519
Maintenance & Operations		1,947,953		44,364		1,992,317
Supplies		336,561		16,594		353,155
Utilities & Communication		75,219		6,571		81,790
Vehicles/Equipment & Fuel		4,800,897		3,912		4,804,809
Travel & Training		72,679		20,339		93,018
Amortization		9,408		45		9,453
Depreciation		6,540		1,037		7,577
Total Operating ExpensesDepreciation		889,355	220	121,027		1,010,382
Total Operating ExpensesDepreciation	-	9,423,273		333,747		9,757,020
Operating Income		2,798,063	-	219,170		3,017,233
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Interest income		71,543		4,342		75 005
Miscellaneous income		27,284		3,997		75,885
Interest expense		(558,553)				31,281
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	-	(459,726)	-	(116,147) (107,808)		(674,700)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	(400,720)		(107,000)		(567,534)
Income Before Special Items, Contributions and Transfers	į	2,338,337		111,362		2,449,699
Contributions and Transfers						
Special item inflow		700,000				222200000
Special assessment - water and sewer impact fees		421,658		77		700,000
Contributions		813,288				421,658
Transfers in				68,797		882,085
Transfers out		1,693,339		908,287		2,601,626
The state of the s		(4,639,057)	-	(696,932)		(5,335,989)
Total Special Items, Contributions and Transfers		(1,010,772)		280,152	70	(730,620)
Change in Net Assets		1,327,565		391,514		1,719,079
Total Net Assets - Beginning		21,310,984		2,319,455		22 620 400
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$	22,638,549	\$	2,710,969	•	23,630,439
2009 The EST ESTANDART - 2009 CO	_	22,000,049	Ψ	2,710,909	Φ	25,349,518

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		F	nterprise Funds	
			Nonmajor	<u> </u>
		Water and		
Cook Flame		Sewer Fund	Storm Water	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		Dewel Fund	Utility	Totals
Cash Received from Customers	ø	14 050 000 -		
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	\$	11,959,982 \$	552,999	12,512,981
The state of the s		(7,598,150)	(211,923)	(7,810,073
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(1,273,564)	(117,363)	(1,390,927
(Social by Operating Activities		3,088,268	223,713	3,311,981
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:				0,011,901
Transfers From (To) Other Funds				
Net Cash Provided (Head) has		(2,945,718)	211,355	(0.704.000
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities	-	(2,945,718)		(2,734,363
	-	(2,040,710)	211,355	(2,734,363)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Filicipal and Interest Paid		\$25000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Acquisition or Construction of Capital Access		(1,129,655)	(240, 168)	(1,369,823)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Capital & Related Financing Activity		(704,420)	(476,418)	(1,180,838)
Activity	es	(1,834,075)	(716,586)	(2,550,661)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				(=,000,001)
Interest and Dividends on In				
Interest and Dividends on Investments		76,902	12 200	
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	-	76,902	12,389	89,291
NLCT.		70,302	12,389	89,291
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1.014.000)		
oddir and Cash Equivalents at Reginning of Voor		(1,614,623)	(269, 129)	(1,883,752)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	-	11,503,519	1,425,030	12,928,549
, and at End of real	\$	9,888,896 \$	1,155,901 \$	11,044,797
Summary of Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Cash				
Investments	\$	639,897 \$	178,194 \$	818,091
electrostation occupation in more and an analysis of the companies of the		9,248,999	977,707	10,226,706
	\$	9,888,896 \$	1,155,901 \$	11,044,797
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				11,044,797
Provided by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)				
Adjustments to B	\$	2,798,063 \$	210 170 6	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		2,700,000 \$	219,170 \$	3,017,233
Tovided by Operating Activities				
Depreciation and amortization		005.005		
Miscellaneous Income (expense)		895,895	122,064	1,017,959
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		27,284	3,997	31,281
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables				
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories		(300,674)	(3,915)	(304,589)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		2,907	(5,799)	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(352,098)	(111,604)	(2,892)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses		(6,242)		(463,702)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		(0,242)	(1,695)	(7,937)
Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits		12.025		
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		12,035	(A	12,035
i otal Adjustments		11,098	1,495	12,593
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		290,205	4,543	294,748
, , , - politicing / followings	\$	3,088,268 \$	223,713 \$	3,311,981
Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:				
Special Item, developer contrib. and special assessments	3200			
and special assessments	\$	1,934,946 \$	68,797 \$	2,003,743
	\$	1,934,946 \$	68,797 \$	
			00,191 p	2,003,743

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Agency Fund
ASSETS:	Side	walk Escrow Fund
Cash	\$	14,000
Total Assets	\$	14,000
LIABILITIES: Other liabilities	\$	14,000
Total Liabilities	\$	14,000

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NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Corinth (the "City") are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governmental units as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. A summary of the City's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended component unit. The City of Corinth's "Corinth Crime Control and Prevention District" (CCD), a special purpose district, was organized under Chapter 363, Texas Local Government Code. A special election was held on September 11, 2004 for the creation of the CCD and to levy a one-quarter (¼) of one percent sales and use tax for the support of crime reduction programs authorized by the City.

The CCD is governed by a board of directors the members of which are appointed and serve at the discretion of the City Council. Because the CCD board is made up of the City Council, the CCD meets the standard that the board is *substantially the same* as the City Council; therefore the CCD is reported as a blended component unit. The CCD is reported as a special revenue fund and its accounts are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Discretely presented component unit. The City of Corinth's "Corinth Economic Development Corporation" (CEDC), a non-profit corporation, was organized under the Development Corporation Act of 1979, Article 5190.6 V.A.T.C.S. Section 4B for the purpose of promoting economic development. State statutes define projects that the corporation may fund. Some examples of permitted projects are in Note IV.E. Other Information- Component Unit Information.

The CEDC is governed by a board of directors that are appointed by and serve at the discretion of the City Council. The CEDC is reported as a governmental entity and its accounts are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

CCD and the CEDC do not issue separate financial statements.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes or other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all of the

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, sales tax, municipal court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for the resources used to finance the fundamental operations of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term bonded debt of the City. Payments of principal and interest on equipment, financing used in general activities of the City and other financing are serviced by the General Fund.

2007 CO Streets Fund – The 2007 Streets Capital Improvement Project Fund is used to account for the projects and funding associated with the Series 2007 Certificates of Obligation debt issue the portion of which is dedicated to streets, infrastructure construction and improvements.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Wastewater Fund — The Water and Wastewater Fund provides water and wastewater services to the residents and businesses of Corinth. The activities supporting the delivery of services are accounted for in this fund, including operations and maintenance, administration, billing, financing and debt service. The Water and Wastewater Fund is financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration.

Storm Drainage Fund – The Storm Drainage Utility Fund is used to protect the public health and safety from damage caused by surface water overflows, and surface water stagnation and pollution within the city.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Ten nonmajor special revenue funds account for specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specialized purposes.

- The Crime Control and Prevention District fund is the blended component unit described previously. All
 revenues and expenditures related to the \$.0025 sales tax are recorded in this fund.
- The Street Maintenance fund accounts for the receipt of a \$.0025 special purpose sales tax and related expenditures.
- Risk/Insurance Claim Fund is used to account for funds restricted to pay insurance claims.
- Hotel-Motel Tax fund accounts for hotel-motel tax collected and used to enhance and promote tourism.
- The Special Revenue fund accounts for revenues that are used to account for acquisition purpose, i.e., park donations, Keep Corinth Beautiful donations and other designated revenues and related expenditures.
- Municipal Court Security Fund is used to account for funds restricted to provide security enhancements for the municipal court.
- Municipal Court Technology Fund is used to account for funds restricted to provide technological enhancements for the municipal court.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

- The Parks Development fund was established to account for donations, contributions, and payments associated with the various park programs.
- The Elm Fork Trails Grant Fund was established to account for the receipt and use of funds from the Texas Parks & Wildlife Department grant for the Corinth Elm Fork Trail.
- The Roadway Impact Fees fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of roadway impact fees as required by the state of Texas Local Government Code Section 395.

Five nonmajor capital projects funds; capital project funds are used to account for acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those accounted for within the City's proprietary funds) and vehicle replacement funds. Capital projects are funded primarily though certificates of obligation.

- The Vehicle Replacement Fund is used to account for funds and expenditures related to future vehicle replacements.
- The Street Escrow fund is used to account for funds and expenditures for all capital projects not specifically identified and not in the proprietary or trust funds.
- The 2004 Tax Note was established to account for remaining bond funds from the 2004 issuance.
- The 2007 CO Tech Fund was established to account for funds and expenditures for all capital projects related to streets and technology from the 2007 bond sale.
- The 2010 COs Fire Fund is used to account for use of proceeds of debt issued to acquire fire fighting vehicles and equipment.

One agency fund, agency funds are used to account for funds that are held by the City in a fiduciary responsibility, but are not included in municipal reporting because the City does not control the funds.

• The Sidewalk Escrow Fund contains funds held in escrow for a specific sidewalk project. When the developer completes the project, the funds will be refunded. If the project is not completed according to the contracted agreement or in the time allowed, the funds will be forfeited to the City and applied to the construction of the specified sidewalk.

Private sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule include charges between the government's water and wastewater function and various amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

Cash and Investments

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes amounts in demand deposits, restricted cash and short-term investments with maturity dates within three months of the date acquired by the City. All City funds participate in a pooling of cash to maximize interest earnings.

Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Balances between the City and its discrete component unit are referred to as "due from discrete component unit" and "due to primary government." All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts for utility billing is estimated on a percentage of aged accounts receivable.

Ad valorem (property) taxes are levied based on the January 1 property values as assessed by the Denton Central Appraisal District. Property taxes are recognized as revenue when they become available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay current liabilities. Current taxes are levied on October 1, and become delinquent if unpaid on February 1.

Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption or the construction of plant and equipment. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted assets

Certain proceeds of the City's general obligation (GO), certificates of obligation (CO) and revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net assets because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. All purchased capital assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset, or materially extend asset lives, are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Building and building improvements
Water and Wastewater system infrastructure
Storm drainage system infrastructure
Public domain infrastructure
Vehicles and equipment
Office equipment

20-50 years
30 years
50 years
5-10 years
5-10 years

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory time and sick pay benefits. Eligible employees are reimbursed upon separation from service for accumulated vacation, accumulated sick pay and only non-exempt employees are reimbursed for compensatory time. The liabilities for these amounts are accrued as they are incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund balance

Governmental funds classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balances – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers, or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the City Council through legislation, resolution or ordinance, unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action used to commit the amounts.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are constrained by the City Council, or by another City official or the finance division to which the City has delegated authority, that are to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts can be reported only in the City's General Fund.

Fund balance amounts represent the nature of the net resources that are reported in a governmental fund. The City fund balance classifications include non-spendable resources, restricted, and non-restricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts. When the City incurs an expenditure for an unrestricted amount, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts for purposes in which any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

E. Reclassifications of financial statement amounts and changes in presentation

Effective for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, the City has revised its chart of accounts which affects

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

comparability with prior year financial statements. The effect of this change primarily affects classification of general fund revenues (fines, fees, permits, charges for services and miscellaneous). Cost allocation recoveries have been presented as transfers between the funds involved rather than as revenues and expenses.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary information

Annual budgets for the following funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP): the General fund; the Crime Control and Prevention, Street Maintenance, Hotel/Motel Tax, Municipal Court Security, Municipal Court Technology, and Parks Development special revenue funds; and the Debt Service fund. The budgets for the Water and Wastewater fund and the Storm Drainage funds are adopted on a budgetary basis different from GAAP, debt service principal payments and fixed asset purchases are budgeted as expenses and depreciation expense is not budgeted. The special revenue and capital project funds are addressed on an individual basis by management and the Council. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end unless encumbered.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, functional department and division. Transfers of appropriations between divisions within a department may be initiated by staff and approved by the director. Transfers between functional departments require the approval of the director, budget manager, and finance director. Transfers between funds may require council approval. All transfers of appropriations require the approval of the city manager. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the fund level. The City Council is required to approve all budget amendments that alter department or operating appropriations.

Encumbrance accounting is employed by governmental funds. Encumbrances (i.e., contracts, purchase orders) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitment will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and investments

The cash and investment policy of the City is governed by State statutes and the adopted City Investment Policy. City policy governing bank deposits require depositors to be FDIC-insured institutions; depositories must fully collateralize all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance limits.

Deposits - At September 30, 2011, the City's carrying amount of demand deposits was \$2,820,925 (including \$14,000 in the agency fund), while the bank balance was \$3,082,374. The City's depository had pledged a letter of credit with a fair value of \$9,000,000.

Investments - State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, in obligations of the State of Texas and other political subdivisions of any state rated "A" or above by Standard & Poor's or Moody's Investors Service, and repurchase agreements. Investments maturing within one year of date of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost; all other investments are stated at fair value which is based on quoted market prices. The City did not engage in repurchase nor reverse repurchase agreement transactions during the year. The City's investments were as follows on September 30, 2011:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	WAM	Rating (S&P)
TexStar	\$ 4,519,880	\$ 4,519,880	<60 days	AAA
TexPool	1,410,372	1,410,372	<60 days	AAA
US Federal Agency Securities				
Coupon	5,333,517	5,372,705		AAA
Callable	2,404,120	2,388,088		AAA
Money Market	5,063,606	5,624,351		
	18,731,495	19,315,396		
Corinth Economic Development				
		407,214	<60 days	AAA
TexPool	Corp. Type (B)	407,214	<60 days	AAA
TexPool	Corp. Type (B)	407,214 594,978	<60 days	AAA AA+
TexPcol US Federal Agency Securities	Corp. Type (B) 407,214	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	<60 days	
TexPcol US Federal Agency Securities Coupon	Corp. Type (B) 407,214 590,639	594,978	<60 days	AA+
TexPool US Federal Agency Securities Coupon Callable	Corp. Type (B) 407,214 590,639 266,234	594,978 264,459	<60 days	AA+

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to decline in fair value of securities by limiting the City to securities with maturities not to exceed 36 months from date of purchase. The City also manages the weighted average days to maturity for the operating funds portfolio to less than 270 days, and the reserve, special project and capital project funds to less than 365 days.

The CEDC component unit limits weighted average days to maturity for the operating funds portfolio to less than 270 days.

The City and its component unit invest in the public funds investment pools listed above, which have specified maximum weighted average maturities for their investment portfolios. The maximum weighted average maturity (WAM) of TexPool investment portfolios cannot exceed 60 days. TexSTAR also maintains a portfolio maximum WAM of 60 days calculated according to SEC rule 2a-7.

The City's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States of America and its agencies, investment quality obligations of the states with a rating of not less than AA, fully insured certificates of deposit. The City's investments in the bonds of the US agencies was rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's, AAA and Fitch Ratings and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service.

The Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act of the State of Texas. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both Participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poors. As a requirement to maintain the rating weekly portfolio, information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as the Office of the State Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares.

The Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR) has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. These two acts provide for the creation of public funds investment pools (including TexSTAR) and authorize eligible governmental entities to invest their public funds through the investment pools. TexSTAR is

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

administered by JP Morgan Chase and First Southwest Asset Management, Inc., and is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

The City's investment policy requires diversification of investments according to the following guidelines:

Investment	Maximum % of Portfolio
U.S. Treasury Obligations	100%
U.S. Government Agency Securities and Instrumentalitie	100%
Authorized Local Government Investment Pool	50%
Local Government Obligations	10%
Fully Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	50%
Fully Collateralized Repurchase Agreements	25%
SEC-Regulated No-Load Money Market Mutual Fund	50%
U.S. Treasury & Agency Callables	30%

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The City of Corinth and the Corinth Economic Development Corporation have investment policies that specify collateralization agreements with the depository bank to protect the government from this risk. The contract with the City's depository bank states the following:

"The Depository shall pledge to the City and deposit in safekeeping and trust with another bank acceptable to the City approved security as defined or referred to in Tex. Loc. Gov't Code §105.031, et seq. and the Collateral for Public Funds Act, Chapter Act, Chapter 2257 of the Texas Government Code, in an amount of market value sufficiently adequate to protect all funds of the City on deposit with Depository during the term of this Contract, but not less than that required by Tex. Loc. Gov't Code Ch. 105, Tex Gov't Code §2257.022, the City's Investment Policy, and all other applicable laws. All deposits, including accrued interest, are to be fully collateralized in accordance with the above terms. Pledged securities will be held by a custodian approved by the City and meeting the requirements of Section 2257.041 of the Collateral for Public Funds Act."

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy states that investments of City funds shall be secured by pledged collateral with a market value equal to or exceeding 102% of the principal plus accrued interest of deposits at financial institutions.

B. Receivables, Interfund Receivables and Transfers

Receivables of the government's individual major and non-major funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, were as follows as of September 30, 2011:

	Ge	neral Fund	D	ebt Service Fund	4770	007 CO Streets	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	9	Water & Wastewater Fund	Sto	orm Drainage Utility	Total
Taxes				400000000000000000000000000000000000000	2012								
Property	\$	68,470	\$	23,054	\$	·	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$ 91,524
Sales		228,927		_		2		100,664		-		-	329,591
Accounts		35,235		16,549		2		-		2,194,822		70,002	2,316,608
Interest		4,081		156		1,081		669		15,652		1,065	22,704
Warrants		2,040,075		-		_		-		-		-	2,040,075
Ambulance		600,707		-		-		-		-		10 <u>2</u> 2	600,707
Other		269,506		-		-		47,702		5,399		630	323,237
Due from other governments		193,065		-		-		-		15		-	193,065
Gross Receivables		3,440,066		39,759		1,081		149,035		2,215,873		71,697	5,917,511
LESS: Allowance for uncollectibles		(981,788)	S.			-				(243,901)		(930)	(1,226,619)
Net total receivables	\$	2,458,278	\$	39,759	\$	1,081	\$	149,035	\$	1,971,972	\$	70,767	\$ 4,690,892

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2011, is as follows:

	Due	from other funds	D	ue to other funds
General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 321,675	\$	(321,675) -
	\$	321,675	\$	(321,675)

The interfund balances represent unsettled overdrafts of pooled cash which will be removed by rebalancing the funds' share of pooled cash and investments. The investments and pooled cash in the bank are reallocated on a monthly basis according to interfund balances and due-to pooled cash balances.

		insfers from ther funds	ransfers to other funds
General Fund	\$	117,757	\$ (201,487)
Debt Service Fund		797,772	7 <u>2</u> 0
2007 C Streets Fund		1,624,190	(532,181)
Nonmajor governmental funds		288,135	(61,445)
Water and Wastewater Fund		1,601,404	(3,942,782)
Storm Water Utility Fund	81	908,287	(599,650)
	\$	5,337,545	\$ (5,337,545)

Interfund transfers are used to pay an allocation of general and administrative services, provide funds for debt service, and contribute toward the cost of capital projects and for other operational purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

C. Capital assets

Capital asset additions, disposals, and depreciation for governmental activities and business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2011 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Transfers

				Transfers	
	Balance			and	Balance
	9/30/2010	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	9/30/2011
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,459,222	\$ 779,401	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,238,623
Construction in progress	6,444,045	5,082,654); = 1	(10,836,007)	690,692
Totals, capital assets not being depreciated	7,903,267	5,862,055	-	(10,836,007)	2,929,315
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	5, 989, 959	128,746	_	~	6,118,705
Machinery and equipment	5,633,597	813,684	(250, 016)	(1,009,365)	5,187,900
Infrastructure	80, 342, 221	-		11,769,042	92,111,263
Totals, capital assets being depreciated	91,965,777	942,430	(250,016)	10,759,677	103,417,868
•					
Less: accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(1, 292, 896)	(169,512)	-	(7)	(1,462,408)
Machinery and equipment	(2,952,781)	(541,079)	240,528	501,095	(2,752,237)
Infrastructure	(39, 300, 487)	(3,306,086)		(427,097)	(43,033,670)
Total accumulated depreciation	(43, 546, 164)	(4,016,677)	240,528	73,998	(47,248,315)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	48, 419, 613	(3,074,247)	(9,488)	10,833,675	56,169,553
Total dupital docoto, bonig copies since of the		<u> </u>	``		
Capital assets, net	\$56,322,880	\$2,787,808	\$ (9,488)	\$ (2,332)	\$59,098,868
Capital assets, net	V 00,022,000	7 =1, -, 1	7 (-)/		
		Rusin	ess-type act	ivities:	
			ood type ac.		
				Transfers	
	Ralance			Transfers	Balance
	Balance	Additions	Dolotions	and	Balance
	Balance 9/30/2010	Additions	Deletions		Balance 9/30/2011
		Additions	Deletions	and	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	9/30/2010	men 5000000000		and Adjustments	9/30/2011
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	9/30/2010	\$ 2,073	Deletions \$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ -	9/30/2011
Land Construction in progress	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869	\$ 2,073 1,668,720	\$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877
Land	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869	\$ 2,073		and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)	9/30/2011
Land Construction in progress	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869	\$ 2,073 1,668,720	\$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869	\$ 2,073 1,668,720	\$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated:	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869	\$ 2,073 1,668,720	\$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793	\$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793	\$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848)	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 - 35,217 3,879,820	\$ (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) 5,346,712	\$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) 5,346,712	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 - 35,217 3,879,820	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) 5,346,712	\$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for:	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) 5,346,712	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 - 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) - 5,346,712 - 5,227,864	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634)
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497) (893,008)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037 (7,137) (110,871)	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) 5,346,712	\$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634) (885,031)
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497) (893,008) (6,907,605)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037 (7,137) (110,871) (892,374)	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) - 5,346,712 - 5,227,864	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634) (885,031) (7,799,979)
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497) (893,008)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037 (7,137) (110,871)	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) - 5,346,712 - 5,227,864	\$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634) (885,031)
Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497) (893,008) (6,907,605) (7,908,110)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037 (7,137) (110,871) (892,374) (1,010,382)	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) - 5,346,712 - 5,227,864 - 118,848	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634) (885,031) (7,799,979) (8,799,644)
Land Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497) (893,008) (6,907,605) (7,908,110)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037 (7,137) (110,871) (892,374)	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) - 5,346,712 - 5,227,864	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634) (885,031) (7,799,979)
Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497) (893,008) (6,907,605) (7,908,110)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037 (7,137) (110,871) (892,374) (1,010,382)	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) - 5,346,712 - 5,227,864 - 118,848	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634) (885,031) (7,799,979) (8,799,644)
Construction in progress Totals, capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Totals, capital assets being depreciated Less: accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	9/30/2010 \$ 1,164,316 6,227,869 7,392,185 229,633 1,428,112 25,081,825 26,739,570 (107,497) (893,008) (6,907,605) (7,908,110)	\$ 2,073 1,668,720 1,670,793 35,217 3,879,820 3,915,037 (7,137) (110,871) (892,374) (1,010,382)	\$ (700,000 - (700,000	and Adjustments) \$ - (5,346,712)) (5,346,712) - (118,848) - 5,346,712 118,848 118,848 5,346,712	9/30/2011 \$ 466,389 2,549,877 3,016,266 229,633 1,344,481 34,308,357 35,882,471 (114,634) (885,031) (7,799,979) (8,799,644)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/ programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Public safety	\$ 325,489
Community services	108,516
Public works	3, 363, 609
Planning & community development	3,756
City administration	200,049
Finance and administrative services	15,258
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,016,677
Business-type Activities	
Water and sewer	\$ 889,355
Storm water utility	121,027
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,010,382

CITY OF CORINTH NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

D. Construction Commitments

Project Name		mulative pent to Date	Remaining Balance	Project Total
WESTSIDE LS EXPANSION		\$ 700,788	\$ 2,401,360	\$ 3,102,148
FM 2181 UTILITY RELOCATION		421,006	3,337,180	3,758,186
PARKRIDGE DRIVE SOUTH		224,010	1,989,862	2,213,872
REPLACE TECHNOLOGICAL INFRASTRUCTURE		653,350	37,150	690,500
REHAB 1.5 MG GROUND STORAGE		414,625	135,375	550,000
PLANNING & PERMITING		73,541	66,459	140,000
	TOTAL	\$ 2,413,779	\$ 7,900,927	\$ 10,314,706

Capital projects expenditures/expenses are funded through capital projects funds and proprietary funds.

E. Long-term debt

Long-term debt of the City governmental activities consists of general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and accrued compensated absences. General obligation bond and certificates of obligation retirement are provided from ad valorem tax. The 1995 certificates of obligation related to the PID #1 will be retired through special assessments. Governmental activities long-term debt is paid by the debt service fund.

Long-term debt of the City business-type activities consists of general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and accrued compensated absences, with interest rates ranging from 3.78% to 5.25%. Business-type activities long-term debt is serviced by revenue from the water wastewater, and storm water drainage systems.

The following is a summary of long-term debt as of September 30, 2011:

Description	Se	ptember 30, 2010	A	dditions	R	etirements	Se	ptem ber 30, 2011	100	oue Within One Year
Governmental activities: General obligation bonds	\$	10, 106,450	\$	•	\$	(1,024,375)	\$	9,082,075	\$	1,077,125
Certificates of obligation		9,364,000		(0.5)	_	(432,000)		8,932,000		457,000
		19,470,450		1041		(1,456,375)		18,014,075		1,534,125
Bond premiums/discounts (net)		196,970		50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 -		(14,031)		182,939		14,031
Deferred amount on refunding	10	(69,148)		(3,588)		i#	8	(72,736)		(10,229)
Total bonds payable		19,598,272		(3,588)		(1,470,406)		18,124,278		1,537,927
Compensated absences	100	840,752		(A)	_	(135,846)	_	704,906		704,906
	\$	20,439,024	\$	(3,588)	\$	(1,606,252)	\$	18,829,184	\$	2,242,833
	Se	eptember 30,					Se	eptem ber 30,		Due Within
				1.00		A statitions	1			
Description		2010	A	dditions	_	Additions		2011		One Year
Business-type activities:		2010	2000	dditions				2011		One Year
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds	s	1,923,550	A	dditions	\$	(145,625)	\$	1,777,925		One Year 152,875
Business-type activities:	\$	1,923,550 12,956,000	2000			(145,625) (518,000)		1,777,925 12,438,000		One Year 152,875 543,000
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds Certificates of obligation	\$	1,923,550 12,956,000 14,879,550	2000	dditions - - -		(145,625) (518,000) (663,625)		1,777,925 12,438,000 14,215,925		152,875 543,000 695,875
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds Certificates of obligation Bond premiums/discounts (net)	\$	1,923,550 12,956,000 14,879,550 278,474	2000	-		(145,625) (518,000) (663,625) (17,725)		1,777,925 12,438,000 14,215,925 260,749		152,875 543,000 695,875 17,725
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds Certificates of obligation Bond premiums/discounts (net) Deferred amount on refunding	\$	1,923,550 12,956,000 14,879,550 278,474 (35,017)	2000	- - - (15,599)		(145,625) (518,000) (663,625) (17,725) 5,461		1,777,925 12,438,000 14,215,925 260,749 (45,155)		152,875 543,000 695,875 17,725 (5,461)
Business-type activities: General obligation bonds Certificates of obligation Bond premiums/discounts (net)	\$	1,923,550 12,956,000 14,879,550 278,474	2000	-		(145,625) (518,000) (663,625) (17,725)		1,777,925 12,438,000 14,215,925 260,749		152,875 543,000 695,875 17,725

Compensated absences are paid from the fund out of which an employee is regularly paid - primarily the General Fund,

CITY OF CORINTH NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Water and Wastewater Fund, and Storm Water Utility Fund.

Long-term debt of the City is comprised of the following individual issues at September 30, 2011:

Purpose	Original Amount	Year of Issue	Final Maturity	Average Annual Payment	Interest Rate	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities
GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS	Č						
City hall, park & infrastructure	7,000,000	1999	2019	428,000	3.50% - 4.80%	\$ 1,205,000	
Infrastructure	2,000,000	2001	2021	125,000	5.00% - 4.80%	560,000	
Refunding	5,080,000	2005	2020	538,000	4.00% - 4.25%	3,229,200	\$ 910,800
Refunding	5,250,000	2007	2021	587,000	3.78% - 4.25%	4,087,875 9,082,075	867,125 1,777,925
CERTIFICATES OF OBLIGATION	N						
Equipm ent and infrastructure	23,630,000	2007	2027	1,821,000	4.375% - 5.25%	7,622,000	12,438,000
Equipm ent	1,500,000	2010	2020	172,000	1.95 % - 4.05%\	1,310,000 8,932,000	12,438,000
						\$ 18,014,075	\$ 14,215,925

CITY OF CORINTH NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bonds, and certificates of obligation are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds:

	Gov ernment	ctivities	 Business-type Activities			
Year Ended September 30	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2012	\$ 1,077,125	\$	357,099	\$ 152,875	\$	69,922
2013	1,117,075		311,381	157,925		63,727
2014	1,149,875		263,653	160,125		57,378
2015	1,126,500		216,181	243,500		49,274
2016	1,168,175		169,224	251,825		39,332
2016 - 2020	 3,443,325		236,397	811,675		55,280
Total	\$ 9,082,075	\$	1,553,935	\$ 1,777,925	\$	334,913

Certificates of Obligation:

	 Government	ctivities	 Business-type Activities			
Year Ended September 30	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2012	\$ 457,000	\$	413,609	\$ 543,000	\$	606,468
2013	660,000		391,336	535,000		580,875
2014	690,000		361,983	565,000		553,375
2015	595,000		333,763	595,000		524,375
2016	515,000		308,734	635,000		493,625
2016 - 2020	2,535,000		1,194,564	3,720,000		1,974,419
2021 - 2025	2,785,000		568,969	4,775,000		927,544
2026-2027	 695,000		18,244	1,070,000		28,088
Total	\$ 8,932,000	\$	3,591,202	\$ 12,438,000	\$	5,688,769

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Upper Trinity Regional Water District (UTRWD)

On November 13, 1990, the City entered into a 30-year contract with Upper Trinity Regional Water District (UTRWD) and other participating political members to develop a regional water system for providing retail utility service to the Denton County area.

The contract included, among other things, a commitment by the City to 2.0 million gallons of water per day demand. On February 4, 1999 the City amended the contract with Upper Trinity to increase the demand from 2.0 million gallons per day to 5.5 million gallons per day. On September 2, 1999, due to continued growth, the City entered into the third contract amendment with Upper Trinity increasing the demand to 7.5 million gallons per day. The City also currently maintains a contract with the Upper Trinity Regional Water District for treatment of wastewater flows up to 1.608 million gallons per day.

The current demand capacity of 7.5 million gallons per day provides the City with three (3) weighted votes as a member of the Upper Trinity Board. The City has one appointed member to the Upper Trinity Board of Directors and one appointed member to the Upper Trinity Customer Advisory Committee. Under agreements with the UTRWD, all participating and contract entities share in the cost of administering the District and in the cost of planning for future programs and services of the District.

B. Employee retirement systems and pension plans

The City participates in the Texas Municipal Retirement System

CITY OF CORINTH NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Plan Description

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for TMRS; the report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, Texas, 78714-9153, or by calling 800-924-8677; in addition, the report is available on the TMRS website at www.tmrs.com.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	Plan Year 2009	Plan Year 2010	Plan Year 2011
Employee deposit rate:	7%	7%	7%
Matching ratio (employer to employee):	2 to 1	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/20 100%, Repeating,	60/5, 0/20 100%, Repeating,	60/5, 0/20 100%, Repeating,
Updated service credit Annuity increase to retirees	Transfers	Transfers 70% of CPI Repeating	Transfers 70% of CPI Repeating

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually, the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the applicable period for that city. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeated benefits, such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

CITY OF CORINTH NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect, The annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) are as follows:

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$	1,027,082
Interest on Net Pension Obligation		75
Adjustment to the ARC		1.027.082
Annual Pension Cost:		1,027,082
Contributions Made Increase (Decrease) in Net Pension Obligation		-
Net Pension Obligation (Asset), Beginning of Year	-\$	-
Net Pension Obligation (Asset), End of Year		

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending		Annual Pension Cost/(APC)		Actual on tribution Made	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation/ (Asset)	
2009 2010 2011	\$ \$ \$	864, 523 929, 467 1,027, 082	\$ \$ \$	864,523 929,467 1,027,082	100% 100% 100%	\$ \$	= -

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2011 were determined as part of the December 31, 2008 and 2009 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2010, also follows:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	12/31/2008 Projected Unit Credit Level Percent of	12/31/2009 Projected Unit Credit Level Percent of	12/31/2010 Projected Unit Credit Level Percent of
Amortization Method	Payroll 29 years; closed	Payroll 28.2 years; closed	Payroll 27.5 years; closed
Remaining Amortization Period	period Amortized Cost	period 10-year Smoothed	period 10-year Smoothed Market
As set Valuation Method Amortizaton Period for New Gains/Los ses	30 Years	Market 30 Years	30 Years
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return	7.5% Varies by age and	7.5% Varies by age and	7.0% Varies by age and
Projected Salary Increases Actuarial Assumptions:	service	service	service
Includes Inflation at Cost-of-Living Assumptions	3.00% 2.1%	3.00% 2.1%	3.00% 2.1%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

The funded status as of December 31, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

12/31/2008 \$ 8,770,128					Sec.	Payroll	
12/31/2009 \$ 9,947,186 12/31/2010 \$ 14,283,597	\$ 14,703,117	67.5% 67.7% 71.6%	\$ \$	4,223,345 4,755,931 5,669,860	\$ \$	7,755,875 8,072,187 7,858,831	54.5% 58.9% 72.1%

schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

The

C. Risk Management

The City is a member of the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("Pool"). The Pool was created for the purpose of providing coverage against risks that are inherent in operating a political subdivision. The City pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property and workers' compensation coverage. The City's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide through commercial companies reinsurance contracts. The Pool agrees to handle all liability, property and workers' compensation claims and provide any defense as is necessary. The Pool makes available to the City loss control services to assist the City in following a plan of loss control that may result in reduced losses. The City agrees that it will cooperate in instituting any and all reasonable loss control recommendations made by the Pool. The City also carries commercial insurance on other risks of loss. The City has experienced no significant reductions in coverage through the Pool over the past year. There have been no insurance settlements exceeding Pool coverage for any of the past three years.

D. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's management that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

E. Component Unit Information

Corinth Economic Development Corporation (CEDC)

Background

A 4B Corporation is a public instrumentality and non-profit development corporation established under Section 4B of the Development Corporation Act of 1979, Tex. Rev. Civ. Stat. Ann. Article 5190.6, as amended. The Act provides that 4B Corporations may fund a wide variety of projects including land, buildings, equipment, facilities, expenditures and improvements related to projects defined in the Act and suitable for the promotion of amateur sports, athletic, entertainment, tourist, convention, and public park purposes and events, including stadiums, ball parks, auditoriums, amphitheaters, concert halls, parks and open space improvements, museums, exhibition facilities; related store, restaurant, concession, parking and transportation facilities; related street, water and sewer facilities; and to create or retain "primary jobs," including: public safety facilities, recycling facilities, streets and roads, drainage and related improvements, demolition of existing structures; and maintenance and operating costs associated with projects.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

4B corporations are required to file an annual report with the Texas Comptroller of Public accounts by February 1. The 4B tax remains in effect until the City notifies the Revenue Accounting, Tax Allocation Section of the Comptroller's Office, to stop collecting the tax. A city can, of its own action or as a result of an election, dissolve a 4B corporation. A city must continue assessing the tax until all obligations incurred by the corporation, including principal and interest on bonds, are satisfied.

On November 5, 2002, Corinth held a 4B Sales Tax Election and the citizens voted to approve the collection of an additional one-half of one percent sales tax for economic development. On June 19, 2003 the City Council approved the Articles of Incorporation officially establishing the Corinth Economic Development Corporation ("CEDC") and naming its seven-member board of directors. The Articles of Incorporation were approved by the Secretary of State at the end of June, 2003. The corporation directors then appointed officers of the corporation and adopted their bylaws in September 2003. The bylaws were forwarded to the City Council for their approval on October 23, 2003. The Comptroller's office notified area merchants to begin collecting the new tax rate on April 1, 2003 and the City began receiving revenue from the tax in June 2003.

Each month, the Comptroller's office issues a payment for the total city sales tax. Upon receipt, the 4B funds are transferred into a separate, interest-bearing account at the City's depository bank.

Following are the fund financial statements, prepared on the modified accrual basis, accompanied by reconciliations to Exhibit A-1, the statement of net assets, and A-2, the statement of changes in net assets as and for the year ended September 30, 2011.

ASSETS: Cash and investments Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles): Total Assets	\$ 2,185,922 115,551 \$ 2,301,473
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 4,737 4,737
Fund Balances: Unreserved Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	2,296,736 2,296,736 \$ 2,301,473
RECONCILIATION OF CEDC FUND BALANCE SHEET TO DISCRETE COMPONENT UNIT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS CEDC Fund Balance	\$ 2,296,736
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because: Liabilities for compensated absences are not reported in the funds CEDC Net Assets	(7,743) \$2,288,993

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Revenue:		
Sales and other taxes	\$	528,205
Interest and investment earnings		14,247
Total revenues		542,452
Expenditures:		201 414
Planning and community development		291,414
Total Expenditures		291,414
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		251,038
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,037,955
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,288,993
RECONCILIATION OF EDC FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITRES AN	ND	
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
CEDC Change in Fund Balance	\$	258,781
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
activities are different because:		(7,743)
Changes in liabilities for compensated absences are not reported in the funds.	\$	
CEDC Net Assets	Ψ	201,000

CITY OF CORINTH NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

F. Prior Year Restatements

The City made restatements to accrued liabilities and revenue resulting from the allocation of fines in 2010 and prior years.

	As Reported 09/30/10 Dr (Cr)		Change Dr (Cr)	As Restated 9/30/2010 Dr (Cr)
Government Activities Statement of Net Assets Other liabilities Net assets -beginning	\$ (860,521) (50,240,625)	\$	94,780 55,305	\$ (765, 741) (50, 185, 320)
Statement of Activities Public safety - Charges for services	(2,858,365)		39,475	(2, 818, 890)
Governmental Funds General Fund Balance Sheet Other liabilities Fund balance - beginning	(851,827) (4,441,582)		94,780 55,305	(757, 047) (4, 386, 277)
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures General Fund		nd Ba		(FG 2 92.4)
Fines and forfeitures	(602,299)		39,475	(562,824)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	=	Budgeted Original	d Ar	mounts Final		Actual	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenue:								
Taxes:		0.005.050	œ	6,305,853	\$	6,244,539	\$	(61,314)
Property	\$	6,305,853	\$		Φ	1,067,987	4	129,411
Sales		938,576		938,576		1,083,786		106,418
Franchise		977,368		977,368		20,668		5,668
Utility fees		15,000		15,000				10,286
Traffic fines and forfeitures		596,850		596,850		607,136		294,134
Development fees & permits		220,700		220,700		514,834		
Police fees & permits		17,200		17,200		26,298		9,098
Parks & recreation fees		206,153		206,153		159,993		(46,160)
Fire services		2,170,813		2,170,813		2,277,955		107,142
Donations				R and i arabasa		40		40
Interest income		60,200		60,200		63,185		2,985
Miscellaneous income		28,050		28,050		42,565		14,515
Charges for services		273,404		273,404		269,635		(3,769)
Total revenues		11,810,167		11,810,167		12,378,621		568,454
Expenditures:								
Current:						T 000 F70		04.007
Public safety		7,052,079		7,113,265		7,088,578		24,687
Community services		1,775,049		1,753,195		1,594,788		158,407
Public works		880,847		874,328		816,586		57,742
Planning and community development		790,383		725,246		669,510		55,736
City Administration		1,519,650		1,515,421		1,411,962		103,459
Finance and administrative services		584,731		613,708		614,157		(449)
Total Expenditures		12,602,739		12,595,163		12,195,581		399,582
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								12/15827/15727/2/
Over (Under) Expenditures		(792,572)		(784,996)		183,040		968,036
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				000 005		004 440		1,807
Transfers in		899,635		899,635		901,442		***************************************
Transfers out		(107,063)		(283,550)		(283,550)	200	(4.007)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		792,572		616,085		617,892	-	(1,807)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(***)		(168,911)		800,932		969,843
Fund Balances - Beginning		3,873,511		3,873,511		3,873,511		
Prior Period Adjustment					9 13	94,780	-	94,780
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	3,873,511	5	3,704,600	\$	4,769,223	\$	1,064,623

Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability Budgetary Information

The City follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Therefore the legal level of control is at the fund level.
- 4. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council or management. During the year the additional appropriations were submitted as budget amendments and approved by the City Council:
- Capital Project funds were not budgeted. Since project length financial plans usually extend into two or more fiscal years, this makes comparisons confusing and misleading.
- 6. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The legally adopted budgets for the General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds, and the Debt Service Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the following funds:

General Fund

Special Revenue Funds:

- Crime Control & Prevention Fund
- Street Maintenance Fund
- Hotel-Motel Tax Fund
- Municipal Court Security Fund
- Municipal Court Technology Fund
- Parks Development Fund

Debt Service Fund

Employee Retirement Plan - three year funding progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of As sets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Accrued Funded Unfo		Cover Payr	
12/31/2008	\$ 8,770,128	\$ 12,993,473	67.5%	\$ 4,223,345	\$ 8,07	5,875 54.5%
12/31/2009	\$ 9,947,186	\$ 14,703,117	67.7%	\$ 4,755,931		(2,187 58.9%
12/31/2010	\$ 14,283,597	\$ 19,953,457	71.6%	\$ 5,669,860		(8,831 72.1%

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	Ī	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)
ASSETS					
Cash	\$ 998,417	\$	569,374	\$	1,567,791
Investments	960,554		638,641		1,599,195
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):					
Sales taxes	100,664		5(<u>25, 15)</u> - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		100,664
Interest	600		69		669
Miscellaneous	47,702		û nd		47,702
Due from other funds	321,675		70/7	-	321,675
Total Assets	\$ 2,429,612	\$	1,208,084	\$	3,637,696
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$ 25,779	\$	15,772	\$	41,551
Accrued liabilities	2,485		1.000 (2,485
Other liabilities	8,609		A-70		8,609
Deferred revenue	691,159				691,159
Total Liabilities	728,032	-	15,772		743,804
Fund Balances:					
Restricted	1,202,739		520,382		1,723,121
Committed	498,841		671,930		1,170,771
Total Fund Balances	1,701,580		1,192,312		2,893,892
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,429,612	\$_	1,208,084	\$	3,637,696

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)		
Revenue:							
Taxes:							
Sales	\$	484,473	\$	2 78	\$	484,473	
Hotel occupancy tax		39,441		720		39,441	
Escrow and impact fees		336,528		122		336,528	
Traffic fines and forfeitures		27,005				27,005	
Police fees & permits		33,243		20		33,243	
Parks & recreation fees		197		33		197	
Donations		152,353		1 		152,353	
Grants		47,776		2 00		47,776	
Interest income		8,132		6,225		14,357	
Miscellaneous income		99,669		18,253		117,922	
Total revenues		1,228,817		24,478		1,253,295	
Expenditures:							
Current:		450 F00		E24 E0E		985,043	
Public safety		453,538		531,505		157,477	
Community services		114,961		42,516		823,988	
Public works		823,988		20.076		30,076	
Planning and community development				30,076		42,469	
City Administration		23,623		18,846			
Capital Outlay	-			164,214		164,214	
Total Expenditures		1,416,110		787,157		2,203,267	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				(700.070)		(040.070)	
Over (Under) Expenditures		(187,293)	-	(762,679)		(949,972)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		202405		005 000		000 405	
Transfers in		3,135		285,000		288,135	
Transfers out	S .	(16,445)		(45,000)		(61,445)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(13,310)	22	240,000	320	226,690	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(200,603)		(522,679)		(723,282)	
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,902,183		1,714,991		3,617,174	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,701,580	\$_	1,192,312	\$_	2,893,892	

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

400770		Crime Control & revention	M	Street aintenance	Risk/ Insurance Claim Fund		
ASSETS							
Cash	\$	68,472	\$	302,104	\$	273,184	
Investments		i na s		657,696			
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):							
Sales taxes		43,431		57,233		5. 225 7	
Interest		()		4		-	
Miscellaneous		100		-		186	
Due from other funds	2	-			-	M 22 0	
Total Assets	\$	111,903	\$	1,017,037	\$	273,370	
LIABILITIES:							
Accounts payable	\$	(1 44)	\$	()	\$	(c <u>****</u>)/	
Accrued liabilities		2,243		6 .00 8		A ne A	
Other liabilities		9 73 2		10 512 35			
Deferred revenue	8-1	7 <u>44</u> 7.		(22)	0.		
Total Liabilities	-	2,243					
Fund Balances:							
Restricted		109,660		1,017,037		6. 940 6	
Committed						273,370	
Total Fund Balances	_	109,660		1,017,037	_	273,370	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	111,903	\$	1,017,037	\$	273,370	

s	Hotel Motel Tax		Special Revenue		Municipal Court Security Fund		Municipal Court Technology Fund		Parks evelopment		
\$	92,873	\$	1,568	\$	4,123	\$	12,056	\$	169,303		
	(c asa ()		(55)		3 53 3		N ST S		1 1/1 /1		
							() () (()				
	V al				()	1. 1. 1. 1. 1.			-		
	3,451		44,065		1,570	1,550.00		955455			-
		-	86,365						S44)		
\$	96,324	\$	131,998	\$	4,123	\$	12,056	\$	169,303		
\$	5-22	\$	687	\$	-	\$	(100)	\$	500		
	3 3		242		230		(1 111)		5 77 3		
	92 75 8		8,609		3. 20 2		3 				
8	-	8-8-	8 <u>22</u>		94449 	b .	8208 	-			
	· ·	- C	9,538		1,000	()	(A.50)		500		
	96,324		65,792		4,123		12,056				
	(3 78 8		56,668			-			168,803		
	96,324	-	122,460		4,123	_	12,056		168,803		
\$	96,324	\$	131,998	\$	4,123	\$	12,056	\$	169,303		

Total

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		n Fork Trails te) Grant Fund		adway Impact Fee Fund		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	(58,555)	\$	133,289	\$	998,417
Investments		4		302,858		960,554
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):						
Sales taxes		505).		1 1111		100,664
Interest				596		600
Miscellaneous		412				47,702
Due from other funds	200	235,310			-	321,675
Total Assets	\$	176,755	\$	436,743	\$	2,429,612
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$	10,150	\$	14,442	\$	25,779
Accrued liabilities				-		2,485
Other liabilities				(100		8,609
Deferred revenue				691,159	8	691,159
Total Liabilities		10,150	Vacaim	705,601		728,032
Fund Balances:						
Restricted		166,605		(268,858)		1,202,739
Committed		1 -1		(498,841
Total Fund Balances		166,605		(268,858)	_	1,701,580
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	176,755	\$	436,743	\$	2,429,612

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CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

			Street aintenance	Insu	Risk/ urance Claim Fund	
Revenue:						
Taxes:						
Sales	\$	220,359	\$	264,114	\$	97 00 01
Hotel occupancy tax		177				-
Escrow and impact fees						1
Traffic fines and forfeitures		922				() *** ()
Police fees & permits		:==		11 min co 41 1 1 1 1 1		41 000 43
Parks & recreation fees		5765				
Donations		-				-
Grants		1944				
Interest income		230		4,763		803
Miscellaneous income						97,495
Total revenues		220,589		268,877		98,298
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		263,528		S. Parkey		16,445
Community services		-		5. 11.1 .01		14,706
Public works		A Control of the Cont		92,978		1,610
City Administration		-				13,600
Total Expenditures	220000	263,528		92,978	175000	46,361
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	2					
Over (Under) Expenditures	Carrier	(42,939)	***	175,899	-	51,937
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		3,037		((1.11)		100
Transfers out		4554		80 000 0		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,037				<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balances		(39,902)		175,899		51,937
Fund Balances - Beginning		149,562		841,138		221,433
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	109,660	\$	1,017,037	\$	273,370

	Hotel Motel Tax	-	Special Revenue		Municipal Court ecurity Fund	Municipal Court Technology Fund		D	Parks Development	
\$	1202	\$	9 <u>22</u> 2	\$	(<u>Pre</u>	\$		\$	-	
	39,441		-				10.00		3.000 5.000	
			A 		ATT OF THE PROPERTY.				<u> </u>	
	1997		2,586		11,357		13,062		EDIA	
	592		33,243		S 44		***		1,000	
			197							
	-		18,203				<u> 200</u>		134,150	
	2000 announce		47,776		(W.)		(TALESTS		(1446)	
	233		480		12		50		371	
			2,174						-	
-	39,674		104,659	-	11,369	-	13,112	S	134,521	
			155,565		_		18,000		0220	
	1.00000 900000		14,139		(2550) (250 5)				43,142	
	(1 <u>22</u> 27)						71 71		17-17-2	
	(****)		8,575				4			
		-	178,279	-			18,000	-	43,142	
	39,674		(73,620)	-	11,369	-	(4,888)		91,379	
			98		(4 -)				i i	
	3 .44 .)		(6,445)		(10,000)		2 35 0		(1707)	
	S M 1	-	(6,347)	-	(10,000)				_	
	39,674		(79,967)		1,369		(4,888)		91,379	
-	56,650		202,427		2,754		16,944	_	77,424	
\$	96,324	\$	122,460	\$	4,123	\$	12,056	\$	168,803	

Total Nonmajor

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

				Roadway Impact		Special Revenue Funds (See	
	(Sta	ate) Grant Fund		Fee Fund	_	Exhibit C-2)	
Revenue:							
Taxes:			6		40	ACT SCHOOL	
Sales	\$	50	\$		\$	484,473	
Hotel occupancy tax				(22)		39,441	
Escrow and impact fees				336,528		336,528	
Traffic fines and forfeitures		(7.73)				27,005	
Police fees & permits				(2000)		33,243	
Parks & recreation fees				344		197	
Donations		-		-		152,353	
Grants						47,776	
Interest income				1,190		8,132	
Miscellaneous income				(2.72	99,669	
Total revenues				337,718		1,228,817	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety				-		453,538	
Community services		42,974		122		114,961	
Public works				729,400		823,988	
City Administration		7.0		1,448		23,623	
Total Expenditures		42,974		730,848		1,416,110	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(42,974)		(393,130)		(187,293)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in						3,135	
Transfers out				8 575 8		(16,445)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		22		3 <u>11</u> 8		(13,310)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(42,974)		(393,130)		(200,603)	
Fund Balances - Beginning		209,579		124,272		1,902,183	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	166,605	\$	(268,858)	\$_	1,701,580	

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS CRIME CONTROL & PREVENTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Budget			Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenue:							
Taxes:							
Sales	\$	208,012	\$	220,359	\$	12,347	
Interest income				230		230	
Total revenues		208,012		220,589		12,577	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		263,557		263,528		29	
Total Expenditures		263,557	120000	263,528	S-11111	29	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(55,545)		(42,939)		12,606	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in) - 1		3,037		3,037	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		3,037		(3,037)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(55,545)		(39,902)		15,643	
Fund Balances - Beginning		149,562	*	149,562			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	94,017	\$	109,660	\$	15,643	

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS STREET MAINTENANCE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenue:				
Taxes:				
Sales	\$ 232,010	\$ 264,114	\$	32,104
Interest income	2,000	4,763		2,763
Total revenues	234,010	268,877	V223	34,867
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works	260,000	92,978		167,022
Total Expenditures	 260,000	92,978	-	167,022
Net Change in Fund Balances	(25,990)	175,899		201,889
Fund Balances - Beginning	841,138	841,138		-
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 815,148	\$ 1,017,037	\$	201,889

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS HOTEL MOTEL TAX FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Budget	Actual	200	/ariance Positive Negative)
Revenue:					
Taxes: Hotel occupancy tax	\$	30,000	\$ 39,441	\$	9,441
Interest income	-	277	233		233
Total revenues	-	30,000	39,674	-	9,674
Net Change in Fund Balances		30,000	39,674		9,674
Fund Balances - Beginning		56,650	56,650	Y	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	86,650	\$ 96,324	\$	9,674

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS MUNICIPAL COURT SECURITY FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenue:				
Taxes:				(0.0.40)
Traffic fines and forfeitures	\$	14,000	\$ 11,357	\$ (2,643)
Interest income		57	12	12
Total revenues		14,000	11,369	(2,631)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out		(14,000)	(10,000)	(4,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-7	(14,000)	(10,000)	(4,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances			1,369	1,369
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,754	2,754	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,754	\$ 4,123	\$ 1,369

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
MUNICIPAL COURT TECHNOLOGY FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenue:						
Taxes:		10 700	•	40.000	•	(5.000)
Traffic fines and forfeitures	\$	18,700	\$	13,062	\$	(5,638)
Interest income		(-77)	-	50		50
Total revenues		18,700		13,112		(5,588)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		20,000		18,000		2,000
Total Expenditures		20,000		18,000		2,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					-	
Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,300)		(4,888)		(3,588)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,300)		(4,888)		(3,588)
Fund Balances - Beginning		16,944		16,944		<u>=</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	15,644	\$	12,056	\$	(3,588)

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
PARKS DEVELOPMENT FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	-	Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenue:						
Taxes:	WAS		0400		-	
Donations	\$		\$	134,150	\$	134,150
Interest income		1888		371		371
Total revenues	-			134,521		134,521
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community services		77,000		43,142		33,858
Total Expenditures		77,000		43,142		33,858
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(77,000)		91,379	-	168,379
Net Change in Fund Balances		(77,000)		91,379		168,379
Fund Balances - Beginning		77,424	S erbero	77,424		<u> </u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	424	\$	168,803	\$	168,379

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenue:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	1,963,567	\$	1,991,395	\$	27,828
Interest income		-		10,441		10,441
Total revenues		1,963,567		2,001,836		38,269
Expenditures:						
Debt Service:						
Principal		1,456,375		1,456,375		
Interest		866,088		847,405	200	18,683
Total Expenditures	-	2,322,463		2,303,780		18,683
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	S 	(358,896)	-	(301,944)	-	56,952
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		793,232		797,772		4,540
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		793,232	-	797,772		(4,540)
Net Change in Fund Balances		434,336		495,828		61,492
Fund Balances - Beginning		792,241		792,241	7000	<u>-</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1,226,577	\$	1,288,069	\$	61,492

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Vehicle eplacement Fund	Sti	reet Escrow Fund
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	301,602	\$	17,405
Investments		(1000)		353,505
Receivables (net of allowances for uncollectibles):				
Interest	5			
Total Assets	\$	301,602	\$	370,910
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$	582	\$	
Total Liabilities		582	-	
Fund Balances:				
Restricted		57)		-
Committed		301,020		370,910
Total Fund Balances		301,020	-	370,910
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	301,602	\$	370,910

200)4 Tax Notes Fund	200	07 CO Tech Fund	2010 CO Fire Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
\$	120,987	\$	96,156	\$ 33,224 285,136	\$ 569,374 638,641
				69	69
\$	120,987	\$	96,156	\$ 318,429	\$ 1,208,084
\$	7,766	\$		\$ 7,424	\$ 15,772
	7,766			7,424	 15,772
	113,221		96,156	311,005	520,382
	113,221		96,156	 311,005	671,930 1,192,312
\$	120,987	\$	96,156	\$ 318,429	\$ 1,208,084

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	Vehicle Replacement Fund	Street Escrow Fund
Revenue:		
Taxes:		e 2.242
Interest income	\$ 529	
Miscellaneous income	14,329	
Total revenues	14,85	2,212
Expenditures:		
Current:	. 10 100	
Public safety	82,87	
Community services	42,51	
Planning and community development		100 T
City Administration	18,84	6
Capital Outlay		
Total Expenditures	144,23	3
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		100000
Over (Under) Expenditures	(129,37	5) 2,212
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers in	175,00	0
Transfers out		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	175,00	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	45,62	5 2,212
Fund Balances - Beginning	255,39	5 368,698
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 301,02	0 \$ 370,910

2004 Tax Notes Fund	2007 CO Tech Fund	2010 CO Fire Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
\$ 442	\$ 1,364 	\$ 1,678 3,924	\$ 6,225 18,253
442	1,364	5,602	24,478
		448,634	531,505
		446,034	42,516
	<u>₹</u> 70	0.000	30,076
30,076		8 	18,846
===		10m	164,214
	164,214	448,634	787,157
30,076	164,214	446,634	101,101
(29,634)	(162,850)	(443,032)	(762,679)
	110,000	SAMES	285,000
977734 9 <u>112</u> 13	(45,000)	·	(45,000)
()	65,000	<u></u>	240,000
(29,634)	(97,850)	(443,032)	(522,679)
142,855	194,006	754,037	1,714,991
\$ 113,221	\$ 96,156	\$ 311,005	\$1,192,312

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Balance October 1, 2010		Additions		Deductions		Balance September 30, 2011
SIDEWALK ESCROW FUND ASSETS			•	47	•	108	\$	14.000
Cash & Investments	\$	14,061	-01399	47			Φ	
Total Assets	\$	14,061	\$_	47	\$	108	\$_	14,000
LIABILITIES	. 2		•		•	108	æ	14,000
Other Liabilities	\$	14,061	\$	47	\$	108	D.	
Total Liabilities	\$	14,061	\$	47	\$_	108	\$	14,000

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

	10000	Budget	202	Actual		Variance Positive Negative)
Revenue:						
Taxes:	628	00555 HANDSHIDE TVO	2427		2	
Sales	\$	471,372	\$	528,205	\$	56,833
Interest income		21,200		14,202		(6,998)
Miscellaneous income		()		45		45
Total revenues		492,572		542,452	-	49,880
Expenditures:						
Current:						0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000
Planning and community development		480,986		291,414		189,572
Capital Outlay		34,068		7-40		34,068
Total Expenditures		515,054		291,414	-	223,640
Net Change in Fund Balances		(22,482)		251,038		273,520
Fund Balances - Beginning		2,037,955	<u> </u>	2,037,955	-	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	2,015,473	\$	2,288,993	\$	273,520

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Corinth, Texas's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	88
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	93
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
Debt Capacity	100
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	104
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand how the City's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	
Operating Information	107

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT
LAST NIND FISCAL YEARS (1), (2), (3), and (4)
(ACCEUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)
(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year 2003	2004	2005		2006		2002		2008		2009	į i	2010		2011
Governmental Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ (199,068) 2,626,881 1,754,328 \$ 4,182,141	\$ 565,152 3,417,639 1,635,029 \$ 5,617,820	\$ 43,970,301 977,578 6,226,345 \$ 51,174,224	φ φ	42,786,734 2,951,097 5,847,984 51,585,815	ω ω	42,456,235 3,109,568 5,762,421 51,328,224	w w	40,684,154 3,020,980 6,112,583 49,817,717	w w	41,050,434 795,115 8,395,075 50,240,624	↔ ↔	39,858,647 6,713,859 2,683,382 49,255,888	φ φ	41,537,428 1,825,248 7,430,631 50,793,307
Business-type Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Business-type Activities Net Assets	\$ 12,112,465 1,683,050 (456,751) \$ 13,338,764	\$ 10,987,669 1,866,796 (1,055,443) \$ 11,799,022	\$ 12,462,107 1,364,100 799,118 \$ 14,625,325	ss ss	13,801,367 - 2,625,039 16,426,406	es es	16,086,492 3,295,736 19,382,228	· ·	15,604,347 5,229,817 20,834,164	s s	15,881,901 - 5,638,822 21,520,723	y 9	17,746,701 5,883,737 23,630,438	ss ss	19,490,897 5,858,621 25,349,518
Primary Government Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$ 11,913,397 4,309,931 1,297,577 \$ 17,520,905	\$ 11,552,821 5,284,435 5,79,586 \$ 17,416,842	\$ 58,748,420 2,341,678 7,025,463 \$ 68,115,561	os os	58,904,113 2,951,097 8,473,023 70,328,233	ь «	60,858,739 10,880,788 1,286,937 73,026,464	ω 	56,288,501 3,020,980 11,342,400 70,651,881	ω ω	56,932,335 795,115 14,033,897 71,761,347	so so	57,605,348 6,713,859 8,567,119 72,886,326	es 05	61,028,325 1,825,248 13,289,252 76,142,825

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003.

Governmental Activities:
(1) 2007 restated for debt reallocation.
(2) 2005 through 2009 restated for correction of basis in streets
(3) 2009 restated for reclassification of fund

Business-type Activities (4) 2009 restated for miscellaneous revenue and debt expenses

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(Unaudited)		2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 (1)	2008 (2)	5000	2010	2011
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:	es.	1 833 954 \$	2.158.121 \$	2,157,623 \$	2,570,307 \$	2,745,345 \$	6,891,366 \$	7,956,599 \$	7,716,433 \$	7,454,086
Public salety	•	1,145,958	1,318,659	1,475,376	1,565,570	1,995,931	ı	1	1 00 010	4 742 072
Community services		1	1	1	1,649,758	1,805,271	1,950,842	2,452,755	1,878,034	0.000
Culture & Recreation		1,043,990	1,048,510	1,173,264	1	107	4 574 006	1 794 753	4 152 860	4 268.961
Public works		;		1	4,105,885	171,000,4	000,176,4	2011011	200110111	
Highways & Streets		1,778,484	68,839	3,415,957	100 000	744 218	810 774	877 117	875,457	709,683
Planning and community development		ı		1 0	290,080	017'44/	1000			
Community development		444,553	394,067	350,040	ı				,	1
Economic development		314,892	246,323	776,002	504 134	713 750	1 425 905	1.340.171	1,876,455	1,663,492
City administration		1	1	1	725,165	949 085	702 155	686,977	698'069	634,749
Financial and administrative services		1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	120,100	200,000			,	,
General Government		1,429,309	1,476,264	1,811,399	578 365	530.981	894,159	969,752	920,663	809,445
Interest on Long-Term Debt Total Governmental Activities Expenses		9,573,857	8,211,081	11,360,389	12,385,871	13,549,708	17,246,207	16,068,125	18,209,031	17,254,289
Business-type Activities:		7 033.190	7.288,289	7,775,047	8,384,025	8,353,563	9,959,789	10,356,404	10,261,683	9,981,826
Storm Mater Hillity			1	295,597	207,768	347,612	464,127	510,190	527,768	449,834
Total Business-twe Activities Expenses	l	7,033,190	7,288,289	8,070,644	8,591,793	8,701,175	10,423,916	-	10,789,451	10,431,720
Total Primary Government Expenses	8	16,607,047 \$	15,499,370 \$	19,431,033 \$	20,977,664 \$	22,250,883 \$	27,670,123 \$	26,934,719 \$	70,990,402	600,000,12
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services:				9 030 007	\$ 002 221	171 534 5	\$ 771 54	3 028 462 \$	2,858,365 \$	3,218,248
Public safety	69	239,822 \$	447,107	482,338	227.747				197.322	305,958
Community services		1	1	1	14/4/	01+,000	100,000	1	1	340,413
Public Works		1	, ;	111 001	1		1 1	1	,	1
Culture & Recreation		104,945	97,960	130,454	1	-	446 247	207 861	298 676	564.447
Planning and community development		:	1	1	661,209	493,749	410,347	100,162	200	1
City administration		1	1	1	7,890	13,9/2	- 004	4 024 040	1 180 425	177 273
Finance and administrative services		ı	1	1	252,636	266'699	168,188	1,024,019	7,001,1	214
General Government		1,108,355	1,099,768	1,147,641	1	1	1	107	466 936	152 477
Operating Grants and Contributions		2,476	25,716	159,282	211,840	202,291	707 707	270,101	1 243 666	858 404
Capital Grants and Contributions		1	36,796	5,786	688,101	1,055,742	007'57	000,171	200,045	5 617 220
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	1 1	1,455,598	1,707,347	1,935,522	2,729,937	3,247,690	4,945,5/1	618,108,4	0,940,290	0,00
Business-type Activities:										100
Motor and Mortauster		5 829 380	5.622.897	7,200,377	8,624,995	8,706,440	10,169,565	10,306,400	11,094,103	12,227,335
Storm Water Hillity		-	1	295,598	364,504	432,848	495,193	552,871	587,074	922,916
Operating Grants and Contributions		1	,	1,208,704	1	1	1	30000	1 255 400	1 303 744
Capital Grants and Contributions		ı	886,106		1,265,180	2,127,103	2,071,941	049,033	12 036 667	14 077 995
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	3	5,829,380		8,704,679		- 6		076,000,11	18 881 957 \$	
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	69	7,284,978 \$	8,216,350 \$	10,640,201 \$	12,984,616 \$	14,514,081	e 017'799'11	# 1+3,010,01	111	
Net (Expense)/Revenue	s	(8,118,259) \$	(6,503,734) \$	(9,424,867) \$	(9,655,934) \$	(10,302,018) \$	(12,300,636) \$	1	٤	(11,637,069)
Business-type Activities		(1,203,810)				2,565,216	2,312,783	(10 618 478) \$	(10.116.525) \$	(7,990,794)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	s	(9,322,069) \$	(7,283,020) \$	(8,790,832) \$	(7,893,048)				i	
				OC seen less 3 -: 14	2 This					

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003. This information is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

 ²⁰⁰⁷ restated for debt reallocation.
 During 2008, the City acquired the Lake Cities Fire Department from other participating cities. Expenses incurred before and after acquisition are reported in public safety.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGE IN NET ASSETS
LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS
(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)
(Unaudited)

(ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (Unaudited)		Œ	Fiscal Year	200												
	2003	2004	2	2005	2	2006	.,	2007 (1)	2008 (2)	(2)		2009	2010	1	2011	=
Net (Expense)/Revenue								6			٠	(11 260 210) \$	(12 263 741)	41) \$		(11,637,069)
Governmental Activities \$	(8,118,258) \$	9	6) \$	(9,424,867)	8 6 7	1 662 886	A	7 565 216		2.312.783		641,732	2,147,216		•	3,646,275
Business-type Activities Total Primary Government Net Expense	(9,322,068)	(7,283,020)	(8)	(8,790,833)	()	(7,973,048)		(7,736,802)	6.6)	(9,987,853)	5	(10,618,478)	(10,116,525)	25)	6'2)	(7,990,794)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets																
Governmental Activities:																
Taxes	200000	6 515 600	4	6 841 794	9	5 894 264		7.362.347	7.7	7,784,085		8,288,285	8,117,648	48	8,2	8,236,635
Property Taxes	3,689,016	0,010,000	5	740,101	, -	289 688		667 199	. 00	894,191		1,456,065	919,700	00	-	,083,786
Franchise Taxes	0/0,333	824 038	•	114 945	•	441 016		1,539,307	1,5	,523,963		1,017,734	1,463,459	29	4,	1,591,901
Sales Taxes	117,000	000,430		0 0								,	1		1	ī
Other Taxes	3,586	18,297		4,169		101		550 553	7	740 740		318 460	207,718	18		98,465
Investment Farnings	47,337	86,918		114,676		427,975		207,333	•	10,140		0 1	0 0 0 0			34 555
Missellanding	2 260 952	531,844		236,163		37,082		46,395		73,884		95,154	20,02	200		1000
Wiscendingons		1				1		ı	7,1)	1,742,435)		ı	1		٠,	(100,000)
Special Item outflow	780 000	(459 938)		(486 669)		(22,500)		(138,510)	1,5	1,515,701		360,418	550,426	26	2,	2,734,363
Transfers Total Covernmental Activities	8.312.435	8.249,104	80	8,567,199	10	10,067,525		10,039,091	10,7	10,790,129		11,536,116	11,279,001	5	13,0	3,079,705
I dial Governmental Activities																
Business-type Activities:				i		1		200	q	012 612		295 606	157 497	26		75,308
Investment Farnings	8,934	51,133		120,742		21/'66		164,655	0	240,040		000,00	255 420	000		21 850
Miscellandous	1,201,954	1		19,606		19,983		103,243		11,212		53,980	,000	07		000,002
		,		1		1			1				1			000,001
Special frem inflow	(000 000)	550 038		485 120		22,500		138,510	1,5	1,515,701)		(360,418)	(550,426	(52)	(2)	2,734,363)
Iransters	(200,000)	611 071		625 468		138,195		406,608	8)	(860,847)		(10,832)	(37,501	01)	Ξ,	(1,927,196)
Total Business-type Activities	000,000		0	0 102 667	10	10 205 720		10.445.699	9.6	9,929,282		11,525,284	11,241,500	000	1	11,152,509
Total Primary Government	0,043,323	0,000,0		100,00												
Change in Net Assets	104 177	1 745 370		(857,668)		411.771		(262,927)	2,5	(1,510,507)		275,906	(984,740)	(04	1,	1,442,636
Governmental Activities	(670 073)	(468 215)	•	259 502	•	1801.081		2,971,824	1,4	1,451,936		630,900	2,109,715	115	-	1,719,079
Business-type Activities Total Primary Government		1,577,155	S	401,834	69	2,212,852	s	2,708,897	6	(58,571)	€	\$ 908,806	1,124,975		9	3,161,715

Note: The city began to report accrual information when it implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2003. This information is presented using the accrual basis of accounting.

 ²⁰⁰⁷ restated for debt reallocation.
 During 2008, 'the City acquired the Lake Cities Fire Department from other participating cities. Expenses incurred before and after acquisition are reported in public safety.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNIMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)
(Unaudited)

				Fiscal Year						0.00	177
	2002	75	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	5009	2010	(1) (102
General Fund											
Parasad	en en	69	2,321,856 \$	\$ 966'02	60,234 \$	88,311 \$	152,119 \$	185,245 \$	103,982 \$	143,025 \$	1 010
CHOPE OF THE PARTY			1	1	1	1	1	I	L	1	710,714
Noil-Spelldable			-	,	í	1	1	1	1	1	1
Committed	3.25	3 254 610	650.644	2.835,785	4,016,196	5,574,219	6,038,090	4,559,689	4,337,600	3,730,485	1
Unassigned	j 1) -	1	. 1	1	ı	1	ı	ı	1	4,552,509
							000	6 700 771	A 444 E03 &	2 873 540 €	4 769 223
Total General Fund	\$ 3,25	3,254,610 \$	2,972,500 \$	2,906,781 \$	4,076,430 \$	5,662,349 \$	6,190,209 \$	4,744,934	4,441,302 9	0.0000	4,100,44
All Other Governmental Funds											
		6	\$ 200 300 0	2 158 826 €	1 811 859 &	1 259 957 \$	1.517.764 \$	1,130,120 \$	2,660,627 \$	4,666,027 \$	ı
Reserved	o'.	1,657,159 \$	¢ /00'000'7	9,130,021,0	000	100,007,			ı	1	4,158,901
Restricted	•		ı	1		1			. 1	,	1,170,771
Committed	•		1	1	ı	ļ	1	ŀ			
Unreserved, Reported In:				000	747 704	707 626	1 190 922	1 472 819	1.862.162	1,879,248	1
Special Revenue Funds	1 7	070	29,200	22,373	930.290	1 672.512	9,324,007	10,639,614	7,670,458	2,054,708	1
Capital Projects Funds	0	0,123,049	0+0,000,1	100,10					1	1	
Unassigned			ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı			
Charles and Charle	7 2	7 980 808 \$	4 094 520 \$	3,898,291 \$	2,989,940 \$	3,725,095 \$	12,032,693 \$	13,242,553 \$	12,193,247 \$	8,599,983 \$	5,329,672

(1) GASB-54 was implemented in 2011

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)	CCON	NTING					No.					
(Unaudited)		1000	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007 (1)	2008	2009	2010	2011
C		2002	7007									
Kevenues		6 700 A19 6	6 313 191 S	7 198 835 \$	8.107,616 \$	8,779,829 \$	9,618,306 \$	9,498,132 \$	10,247,707 \$	10,771,375 \$	10,530,117 \$	10,911,621
Laxes	9	4 770 440	1 243 740	1 108 403	909 512	916.794	661,652	468,395	400,375	283,232	304,009	1,091,761
Licenses, Fees and Permits		014,621,1	233 218	401 998	645 562	393.693	657,395	627,526	670,529	700,857	652,755	634,141
Fines and Penatiles		101,100	20707	900,00	212 017	866 267	468 651	782.146	2,639,945	3,256,122	3,529,997	2,547,590
Charges for Services		39,120	42,405	006.10	210,212	01 574	427 975	562.354	740,741	318,461	207,717	98,464
Investment Earnings		180,836	012,e1	47,424	C+0,12					1	713,564	1,012,607
Donations					ı	ı		134 798	251 200	114,719	110,972	
Special Assessments		98,381	725	431	1			100	258 369	101 76	269.142	
Intergovemmental		i i					64,138	102,512	500,002	10,400	R3 697	160 528
Other Revenues		613,836	144,086	24,173	546,344	323,557	433,153	48,776	010,010	100 100	020 400 04	46.458.712
Total Revenues		8,691,783	8,052,605	8,869,169	10,449,794	10,928,746	12,331,270	12,304,639	15,820,667	15,641,351	0/8,105,01	21 1,004,01
Expenditures									000	7 740 £30	8 241 429	8 073 621
Public safety		2,263,152	2,770,171	1,833,954	2,158,121	2,157,623	2,532,277	2,682,837	8,120,829	600,047.7	0.25,172,0	
			1	1,145,958	1,318,659	1,475,376	1,565,570	1,995,931	1	1		ı
9		,	,	,		1	1,722,157	1,662,575	1,888,806	2,309,808	1,825,414	1,752,265
Community services		759 170	1 070 709	1 043 990	1,048,510	1,079,253	i	Ť	*		16	
Curure & Recreation						,	1,678,825	1,471,635	1,464,051	929,424	876,510	1,640,574
Public Works		1 204 001	1 100 105	1 778 434	698 839	1.051,583		ı			ा	1
Highways & Streets		106,102,1	1,154,140	101011			584, 199	731,568	822,157	855,155	872,953	989,689
Planning and community development			1	144 662	790 AQE	350 040			1	1	r	
Community development		651,610	534,481	444,000	100,460	200,040			a	1	1	ı
Economic development		,	:	314,892	240,323	716,002	474 180	673 678	1 237 314	1 498 948	1,659,476	1,454,431
City administration		ř.	1	1	1	ı	001,174	020,010	909 902	685 409	672 763	614.157
Finance and administrative services							669,849	895,690	969'607	604,000		
General Government		1,055,782	1,217,509	1,429,309	1,476,264	2,159,873	1	1	1,165,301	D#D'0/D	350 900 9	£ 122 041
Capital Outlay		444,194	240,069	173,499	43,033	ı	r	1	360	ı	0,080,233	0,162,04
Dept Service												107
to control		1 066 865	765,605	1,582,717	870,298	753,583	587,389	516,490	889,048	919,943	180,0/8	847,400
		900 924	679 744	741,250	776,750	1,415,000	1,437,500	781,750	1,257,650	1,494,683	1,480,700	1,456,375
Frincipal		170,000			1	1	65,363	149,074	728	1,107	27,827	1
Bond issuance costs		8 343 500	8 470 413	10 488 556	9.030,864	10,644,870	11,314,309	11,461,076	17,571,782	17,408,965	22,625,888	21,660,455
Total Expenditures		00000000	1000 2477	(1 619 387)	1 418 930	283.876	938.610	843,563	(1,751,115)	(1,767,604)	(6,243,918)	(5,203,743)
Exce Over (Under) Expenditures		348,184	(411,909)	(100'610'1)	0000001							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											1 500 000	1
Bonds Issued		2,530,000	1		600	1,200,000	3,962,400	12,139,950		n s		
Payments to Escrow Agent		1	1	1	r	ra e	(4.025,732)	(4,288,930)	•	1 2	ı	e B
tonocally minimake become							36,272	187,925		10	•	
Control			1		:10	107,346	ા	ī	ř	5,434	3000	1
Captural Location			1	1			::0	91,460	ì	1		ı
Sale of Capital assets			32 3	1	a	10	309,009	(138,510)	1,515,701	360,418	550,426	2,734,363
(included in (out)		2 530 000				1,307,346	281,949	7,991,895	1,515,701	365,852	2,050,426	2,734,363
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)		000,000,7			- The second second		*		4 17 77 2400	\$ (CSC 107 17	2 100 A021 E	(2 469 380)
Net Change in Fund Balances	50	2,878,184 \$	(417,808)\$	(1,619,387)\$	1,418,930 \$	1,591,222 \$	1,298,910 \$	8,835,458 \$	(235,414)\$	6(76/104/1)	* (764-061-th)	(200,000)
Debt Service As A Percentage					100000	7900	1000	10 0007	12 BD%	15 20%	15.16%	13.87%
Of Noncapital Expenditures		33,20%	21.30%	29.10%	22.40%	25.30%	%D8.172	2.007%	2,00.21			

(1) 2007 restated.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year		Property Tax	Sales & Use Tax	Franchise Tax	 Total
2002	\$	3,077,928	\$ 592,638	\$ 637,470	\$ 4,308,036
2003		3,689,016	855,211	645,301	5,189,528
2004		4,306,483	824,038	832,345	5,962,866
2005		4,762,241	952,897	733,510	6,448,648
2006		6,887,602	1,441,016	1,289,688	9,618,306
2007	(1)	7,291,626	1,539,307	667,199	9,498,132
2008		7,829,553	1,523,963	894,191	10,247,707
2009		8,297,576	1,456,065	1,017,734	10,771,375
2010		8,142,985	1,463,459	923,673	10,530,117
2011		8,235,934	1,591,901	1,083,786	10,911,621
Percent Change 2002-20	11	167.6%	168.6%	70.0%	153.3%

^{(1) 2007} restated.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Unaudited)

Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value	%805'66	98.270%	98.802%	99.183%	99.149%	98.138%	98.535%	97.629%	100.000%	100.000%
Estimated Actual Taxable Value	966,067,978	1,072,292,044	1,148,698,875	1,196,002,733	1,225,470,133	1,372,483,140	1,417,615,882	1,393,914,517	1,387,013,348	1,390,508,939
<u>8</u>	€9			11.00			_		_	_
Total Direct Tax Rate	0.5260	0.5260	0.5498	0.5606	0.5570	0.5570	0.5570	0.5770	0.5770	0.5929
1	↔									
Total Taxable Assessed Value	961,312,925	1,053,743,410	1,134,942,610	1,186,228,350	1,215,046,284	1,346,927,428	1,396,847,352	1,360,869,119	1,387,013,348	1,390,508,939
	↔									
Less: Tax-Exempt Property	4,840,629	4,719,761	4,293,853	3,795,317	12,223,388	25,555,712	10,384,265	16,522,699	92,100,190	96,489,458
	₩									
Commercial Property	783,264,024 \$ 182,889,530	198,037,277	182,760,928	181,575,304	184,523,945	176,068,505	195,599,938	190,126,178	325,754,337	234,688,468
	↔		1120	100				_	-	
Residential Property	783,264,024	860,425,894	956,475,535	1,008,448,363	1,042,745,727	1,196,414,635	1,211,631,679	1,187,265,640	1,153,359,201	1,252,309,929
i.	€9									
Fiscal Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Source: Denton Central Appraisal District.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Unaudited)

Overlapping Rates City Direct Rates Fiscal Year

		3		,					Ľ	0	
1	Basic		General Obligation Debt		Total Direct	Ē	Denton Independent School		Lake Dallas Independent School		Corinth Municipal Utility District
b	Rate		Service	10	Kate			10	101100	J	
₩	0.3180	↔	0.2080	€	0.5260	ь	1.8540	69	1.6900	€	0.3100
	0.3404		0.1856		0.5260		1.8640		1.6900		0.3106
	0.3676		0.1821		0.5497		1.8640		1.7400		0.3300
	0.3933		0.1673		0.5606		1.8640		1.7950		0.3210
	0.4324		0.1246		0.5570		1.8640		1.8600		0.3100
	0.4274		0.1296		0.5570		1.7640		1.7900		0.3100
	0.4474		0.1096		0.5570		1.4900		1.6500		0.3100
	0.4385		0.1385		0.5770		1.4900		1.6500		0.2100
	0.4385		0.1385		0.5770		1.5300		1.6700		0.1500
	0.4495		0.1435		0.5929		1.5300		1.6700		ı

2006

2007

2005

2002

2003

2004

2008

2009

2010

2011

0.2319

0.2465

0.2519

6

Denton County

0.2490

0.2472

0.2548

0.2358

0.2498

0.2739

0.2774

Source: Denton Central Appraisal District

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

			2011				2002	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
MedPartners Managment LLS	\$	16,450,000	1	1.18%	nueri			0.000/
Denton County Electric Coop		15,086,139	2	1.08%	\$	9,341,450	4	0.89%
ONCOR Elec Delivery/TXU		11,715,900	3	0.84%		12,354,140	3	1.17%
Utter Properties, LLC		7,083,457	4	0.51%		4,660,867	10	0.44%
Tower Ridge Corinth I, LTD		6,299,659	5	0.45%				
HD Supply Utilitite LTD #3430		5,685,721	6	0.41%				
Utter, Bill		5,139,593	7	0.37%		7,055,732	6	0.67%
North Tx Nissan Realty, Inc.		4,968,688		0.36%				
Kensington Square LP PS		4,850,000	8 9	0.35%		5,002,948	9	0.47%
Dallas GSGS Properties LLC		4,523,428	10	0.33%				
Boeing - Corinth Inc			1000			43,154,435	1	4.10%
ACLP Kensington Park LP						15,102,080	2	1.43%
Albertson's		_10				7,139,982	5	0.68%
		0000 1400				5,533,844	7	0.53%
Lake Sharon LP Pulte Homes of Tx LP						5,389,807	8	0.51%
Total	\$_	81,802,585		5.88%	\$	114,735,285		10.89%

Source: Denton Central Appraisal District

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Unaudited)

to Date	Percentage of Levy		\$ 99.95%	99.95%	99.94%	%66'66	99.94%	99.94%	%98.86%	99.87%	99.85%	%95.66
Total Collections to Date	Amount		4,996,661	5,433,996	6,045,879	6,594,861	6,766,253	7,229,808	7,487,349	8,202,756	8,111,855	8,121,978
Collections	In Subsequent Years		\$ 65,877 \$	395,767	62,195	131,225	59,556	63,067	59,165	47,202	88,517	1
thin the the Levy	Percentage of Levy		\$ 98.63%	92.67%	98.91%	%00.86	%90'66	%20.66	%80.66	99.30%	98.76%	%95.66
Collected Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy	Amount		\$ 4,930,784	5,038,229	5,983,684	6,463,636	6,706,697	7,166,741	7,428,184	8,155,554	8,023,338	8,121,978
Tayes polied	for the		\$ 4,999,407	5,436,978	6,049,602	6,595,499	6,770,070	7,234,271	7,497,484	8,213,110	8,124,258	8,158,910
	Fiscal	5	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011

Sources: Denton Central Appraisal District

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY
LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS
(Unaudited)

					Caler	Calendar Year				177
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011 (1)
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing Construction Manufacturing	288,145 \$ 2,330,396 289,864	368,182 \$ 3,852,175 358,527	1,701,873 \$ 564,614 301,795	1,575,004 \$ 9,503 754,783	2,537,401 4,962,686	6,400,892 2,591,753	4,351,614 2,772,834	1,746,710 2,711,306	311,261	 416,618 1,429,858
Transportation, Communications and Utilities Wholesale Trade Retail Trade Services All Other Outlets	50,548,742 3,271,874 27,929,397 8,669,961	76,007,439 4,037,199 29,002,808 8,947,589	82,638,801 2,612,741 29,599,390 10,032,231 5,187	98,276,725 330,578 31,313,395 8,732,422 5,414,998	78,610,397 6,764,242 22,303,872 2,295,353 23,255,182	85,742,334 3,266,001 23,723,243 4,163,780 16,502,261	103,385,801 2,618,569 23,956,474 4,513,536 16,479,071	88,626,467 2,659,948 19,843,355 4,639,562 19,328,940	90,520,993 3,213,997 20,760,276 4,879,098 19,772,152	42,116,782 2,199,934 10,482,388 2,683,272 9,998,360
€7	93,328,379 \$	93,328,379 \$ 122,573,919 \$ 127,456,	127,456,632 \$	146,407,408 \$	632 \$ 146,407,408 \$ 140,729,133 \$	142,390,264 \$	158,077,899 \$	139,556,288 \$	142,142,618 \$	69,327,212
Direct Sales Tax Rate	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Source: Office of the Comptroller of the State of Texas

(1) Due to a reporting time lag from the State Comptroller's Office, sales tax for 2011 reports only the first two quarters.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Corinth Direct Rate	Corinth Street Maintenance	Eco/Dev Sec 4(B)	Corinth Crime Control
2002	1.00%		257	57 22 0
2003	1.00%	(5.77	0.50%	
2004	1.00%	100	0.50%	-
2005	1.00%	0.25%	0.50%	0.25%
2006	1.00%	0.25%	0.50%	0.25%
2007	1.00%	0.25%	0.50%	0.25%
2008	1.00%	0.25%	0.50%	0.25%
2009	1.00%	0.25%	0.50%	0.25%
2010	1.00%	0.25%	0.50%	0.25%
2011	1.00%	0.25%	0.50%	0.25%

Source: Texas State Comptroller

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Unaudited)

			TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	Percentage of Personal Income	4.09% 3.13% 2.93% 5.18% 4.78% 4.35%
			OTAL PRIMARY	Per Capita	1,302 1,153 1,046 1,015 881 2,001 1,769 1,769 1,769
s Deb			Ē		↔
Other Gov't Activities Debt	Capital Leases			Total Government	20,565,000 19,515,000 18,405,000 18,064,692 16,350,290 38,925,000 37,071,334 35,001,628 34,350,000 32,230,000
ŏ	1	θ	1		49
	Per Capita	1,047 933 852 829 722 1,048 1,066 983 977		Capital Leases	 107,346 87,645 67,098 45,667 23,314
	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	1.72% \$ 1.50% 1.32% 1.24% 1.10% 1.56% 1.45% 1.45% 1.43%		i.	€9
t	Total Tax Suppoprted Debt	16,549,000 15,792,750 14,996,000 13,392,400 20,379,150 20,945,833 19,451,150 19,470,450	Business-type Activities	Total Tax Suppoprted Debt	4,016,000 3,722,250 3,409,000 3,089,000 2,782,600 18,545,850 16,034,167 15,503,850 14,879,550
General Bonded Debt	Certificates of Obligation/ Tax Notes	1,500,000 \$ 1,355,000 1,200,000 1,640,000 7,888,699 9,154,333 8,473,000 9,364,000	B	Certificates of Obligation	740,000 \$ 5,700,000 385,000 200,000 15,821,301 13,620,667 13,327,000 12,956,000
ŏ	General Obligation Bonds	15,049,000 \$ 14,437,750 13,796,000 13,121,000 13,257,100 12,599,150 11,791,500 10,978,150 10,106,450 9,082,075		General Obligation Bonds	3,276,000 \$ 3,152,250 3,024,000 2,889,000 2,782,600 2,615,850 2,413,500 2,176,850 1,923,550
	I i	₩		1	₩
	Fiscal	2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2010		Fiscal Year	2002 2003 2004 2005 2005 2007 2008 2010

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2002	\$ 15,049,000	1.57%	\$ 952
2003	14,437,750	1.37%	853
2004	13,796,000	1.32%	784
2005	13,121,000	1.24%	737
2006	13,257,400	1.09%	715
2007	12,599,150	1.58%	648
2008	11,791,500	1.42%	600
2009	10,978,150	0.79%	555
2010	10,106,450	0.73%	507
2011	9,082,075	0.65%	456

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Unaudited)

(Unaudited) Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt Repaid With Property Taxes			
Denton County Denton Independent School District Lake Dallas Independent School District	\$ 496,900,000 610,963,527 100,051,297	2.610% 7.290% 47.250%	\$ 12,969,090 44,539,241 47,274,238
Other Debt Denton County capital leases Denton ISD capital leases	1,090,112 814,800	2.610% 7.290%	28,452 59,399
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			104,870,420
City Direct Debt			19,943,006
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 124,813,426

Source: First Southwest Financial Services

⁽¹⁾ Percentage determined by ratio of entity's property value located within the City's boundaries to total property value.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(Unaudited)

						LISCA	riscal real				
	1 1	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2010
Debt Limit	69	77,817,544 \$	96,131,293 \$	105,374,341 \$	113,494,261	77,817,544 \$ 96,131,293 \$ 105,374,341 \$ 113,494,261 \$ 118,622,835 \$ 121,504,628 \$ 134,609,581 \$ 142,209,231 \$ 138,701,335 \$	121,504,628 \$	134,609,581 \$	\$ 142,209,231 \$	138,701,335 \$	139,050,894
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		21,480,000	20,565,000	19,777,300	18,405,000	17,245,000	38,925,000	36,980,000	34,200,916	30,682,714	28,552,904
	69	56,337,544 \$	\$ 56,337,544 \$ 75,566,293 \$ 85,	85,597,041 \$	95,089,261	,597,041 \$ 95,089,261 \$ 101,377,835 \$ 82,579,628 \$ 97,629,581 \$ 108,008,315 \$ 108,018,621 \$	82,579,628 \$	97,629,581 \$	\$ 108,008,315 \$	108,018,621 \$	110,497,990
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit As a Percentage of Debt Limit		21.39%	18.77%	16.22%	14.54%	13.31%	30.24%	26.63%	24.58%	22.12%	20.53%

Assessed Value	49	1,390,508,939
Debt Limit (10% of Assessed Value)		139,050,894
Debt Applicable to Limit:		
General Obligation Bonds		32,230,000
Less: Amount Set Aside for Repayment of		
General Obligation Debt	Ţ	3,677,096
Net Debt Applicable to Limit		28,552,904

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for the Current Fiscal Year

110,497,990

S

Legal Debt Margin

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (Unaudited)

	2	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Population [1]		15,800	16,919	17,592	17,800	18,550	19,450	19,650	19,788	19,926	19,935
Median Household Income [2] \$		81,484 \$	83,714 \$	85,943 \$	88,855 \$	91,266 \$	\$ 92,776	94,714 \$	\$ 969'56	\$ 69'96	99,127
Per Capita Personal Income [3]		31,855 \$	32,581 \$	33,449 \$	34,582 \$	35,521 \$	36,498 \$	36,863 \$	36,987 \$	37,097 \$	37,135
Total Personal Income [4]		n/a									
Median Age [5]		31	31	31	31	31	31	32	32	32	33
Education Level [6] High school graduate (or equivalent) Some college/associate's degree Bachelor's degree Master's, professional or doctorate School Enrollment [7] Unemployment [8]		96% 65% 39% 11% 4,126	96% 65% 39% 11% 4,418	96% 65% 39% 11% 4,594	96% 65% 39% 11% 4,648	96% 65% 39% 11% 4,844	96% 65% 39% 11% 5,092	96% 65% 39% 11% 5,144	96% 65% 39% 11% 5,196	96% 65% 39% 11% 5,246	88% 31% 37% 12% 5,298 7.9%

^[1] Population data is an estimate from the North Cental Texas Council of Governments.

Other Source: City of Corinth of Economic Development

^[2] Median household income is an estimate based on the 2010 Census data using the Dallas/Fort Worth area Consumer Price Index for each year.
[3] PerCapita personal income is an estimate based on the 2010 Census data using the Dallas/Fort Worth area Consumer Price Index for each year.
[4] Total personal income for the City of Corinth is unavailable.
[5] Median age per the 2010 U.S. Census.
[6] Education level per the 2010 U.S. Census.
[7] School enrollment is an estimate based on the 2010 Census and the population growth for each year.
[8] Unemployment rate for September, 2011, for Denton County, Texas based on information from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

		2011			2002 [1]	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment [2]	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Labinal	720	1	16.60%		Œ	(1 71 0)
North Central Texas College	382	2	8.81%	-	B 000	\$ 55 2
CoServ	350	3	8.07%	-	-	8.6 7.77 00
Atrium Hospital	220	5	5.07%	(493)		35 34 77
City of Corinth	154	4	3.55%			(**************************************
Albertsons	115	6	2.65%	-	-	-
Bill Utter Ford	114	7	2.63%	1252 2000	7 <u>532</u> ,7	19 42 0
Ashton Gardens	40	8	0.92%	22	7940	()
Harley Davidson	37	9	0.85%		(****))	(-
Total	2,132		49.15%			

Source: City Economic Development Division

^{[1] 2002} Employer data is unavailable.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Unaudited)

				Full-Time-Ec	uivalent Em	Full-Time-Equivalent Employees as of Year End	Year End			
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Function/Program [1]										
General Government										
City Management	5.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Legal	1	ı	1	1	ł	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Public Safety									0	0
Police	22.0	25.0	25.0	26.0	30.0	31.0	31.0	31.0	28.0	28.0
Animal Control	1	1.0	1.0	1.5	7,5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	ر. دن
Lake Cities Fire Department [2]	L	39.0	39.0	36.0	38.0	40.0	41.0	41.0	41.0	41.0
Public Works	0			1	7	0 2	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
Streets	6.7	12.4	4.0	t .	5.6	2.0	9 0			
Fleet Maintenance	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.Y	0.7
Community Development [3]	12.0	0.6	8.0	8.0	5.0	2.0	2.0	9.0	2.0	0.0
Planning	2.0	3.0	3.0	2.0	2.0	4.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0
Code Enforcement & Permitting	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	1.0	1.0	1	1	1
Community Services	14.0	16.0	18.0	17.0	17.0	1	ı	1	ı	1
Municipal Court	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Parks & Recreation						18.3	18.3	18.3	17.8	17.8
Finance & Admin. Services									1	
Finance [4]	7.0	0.9	7.0	8.0	2.0	0.9	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5
Human Resources	ı	1	1	1	2.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Information Services	1	ī	ı	1	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	2.5
Terrill Software Control No.										
Water/Wastewater Unid	23.1	26.6	26.6	26.6	23.6	23.0	23.0	23.0	21.0	21.0
Utility Billing	,	1	ı	I	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Storm Drainage Fund	1	1	ł	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Corinth Economic Development Corn	1	ı	i	ŀ	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Crimo Control District Fund	1	١	ı	1	1	1	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Child Safety Program	1	1	ı	1	1	1	ı	ı	0.3	0.3
Total	103.0	147.0	141.0	146.5	152.1	157.8	165.8	164.8	158.6	158.6
								Annual Street		

Source: Finance and Administrative Services Department

^[1] For improved understanding, the City is reporting the full-time equivalent employees by department (i.e. "Public Works") then division (i.e. "Streets"). The legal level of budgetary control for the City is at the department level; the change in statistical reporting therfore gives a clearer picture of FTEs as they relate to the budget.

^[2] The Lake Cities Fire Department became a wholly integrated department of the City of Corinth on January 18, 2008.[3] Code Enforcement division was combined with Community Development from 2002 through 2004.[4] In fiscal year 2006, the Human Resources and Information Services divisions were reported separately from the Finance division.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

1.02 1,160 4,105 7,243 3.77 7.99 43 410 38 5,544 2,600 395 4,484 39,567 20 32 126,940 99 454 2011 1.20 4,420 31,409 115,910 5,327 2.24 6.36 35 6,046 2,422 1,351 25 894 637 2010 1.05 22,065 83,010 7,095 2.60 6.24 1,110 7,162 15 16 20 5,978 2,198 313 963 4 2009 1.01 7,501 2.66 7.00 4 V 1,275 1,935 82,890 7 6,756 330 18,187 10,072 7 7 5.59 1.05 2.45 3,758 24,880 2 8 3 20 6,080 22,000 151 51 7,102 1,089 2007 0.67 3.55 7.35 29 v 22 21,284 12,453 47 461 131 0.72 4,883 8,735 3.00 7.04 1,040 15,639 37 921 2005 7.15 0.66 4,419 2.52 1,265 18,255 4,052 234 4 528 117 6,471 2004 0.52 2.79 8.10 290 1,843 5,379 535 91 2 2003 0.53 708 478 2.44 5.73 7 431 75 4,958 1,076 345 2002 1 1 1 1 Average Daily Sewage Treatment (millions of gallons) Upper Trinity Regional Water District [5] Recreation center general use (hours) [4] Building Permits - Single Family Home Athletic League Participants/Atendees Building Permits - Commercial Average Daily Consumption Classes offered (hours) [3] Street Resurfacing (miles) City of Denton [5], [6] Special events hours) [3] Peak Daily Consumption **Emergency Responses** (millions of gallons) (millions of gallons) Water Main Breaks Other Public Works [2] Fires Extinguished Potholes Repaired Parks and Recreation New Connections Parking Violations New Connections **Seneral Government** Traffic Violations Physical Arrests Function/Program **Participants** Participants Inspections Wastewater (Unaudited) Fire [1]

^[1] In fiscal year 2008, the Lake Cities Fire Department (LCFD) was incorporated into the City of Corinth. Emergency responses include all four cities that the LCFD serves.

^[2] The Corinth Streets Division of Public Works did not track operating indicators prior to fiscal year 2002.
[3] The information provided for fiscal years 2004 - 2007 reflects the number of classes/special events and not total hours.

^[4] In fiscal year 2007, the City lost the use of Crownover Middle School recreation facilities and reduce hours at the Woods Building recreation center for construction. [5] The City transferred some flows from the Denton sewer basin to the Upper Trinity sewer basin beginning February, 2007. [6] The City transferred some flows are based on one, sewage flow meters, and two, areas based on connection count; flows are based on estimates.

CITY OF CORINTH, TEXAS
CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

					Fiscal Y	ear				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006 2007	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Function/Program										
Police						9	3		•	•
Stations	_	~	-	_	_	ς-	-	-	-	-
Patrol Units	12	13	13	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	2	2
Other Public Works						(Section Control	9		;	;
Streets (miles)	92	78	06	95	100	108	110	110	111	F :
Highways (miles)	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1
Traffic Signals	1	ı	ı	ı	-	2	7	2	2	9
Parks and Recreation								į		,
Acreade	182	182	182	182	182	184	184	184	184	184
Playdrollinds	80	00	6	10	10	7	11	1	11	-
Raseball/Softball Fields	2	7	7	7	_	7	ω	00	ω	ω
Societ/Football Fields	က	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Recreation Centers	2	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Trails (miles)	1	ı	1	11.66	11.66	12.74	12.74	12.74	12.74	12.74
Water								1		1
Connections	5,625	6,007	6,241	6,443	6,574	6,672	6,671	6,719	6,766	6,780
Water Mains (miles)	1	1	102	103	105	103	103	105	106	108
Fire Hydrants	089	693	695	728	750	732	732	774	785	787
Storage Capacity (millionss of gallons)	6.0	6.0	0.9	6.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Subscribed Capacity, UTRWD (mgd)	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Wastewater							1		0	
Connections	5,395	5,715	6,025	6,222	6,267	6,418	6,413	6,452	6,433	215,9
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	82.0	87.0	94.0	94.0	95.2	93.7	93.7	96.2	96.4	97.6
Storm Sewers (miles)	19.08	21.08	23.06	26.04	30.04	31.00	31.00	33.46	35.30	36.85
Treatment Capacity, UTRWD (mgd) [1]	4.82	4.82	4.82	4.82	4.82	4.82	4.82	4.82	4.82	4.82

Sources: Various city departments

^[1] The City of Denton bills the City of Corinth based on one, wastewater flow meters and two, areas based on connection count; the Upper Trinity Regional Water District uses a take-or-pay system of billing in which the member city (Corinth) purchases a peak capacity. UTRWD data is corrected per original contractrs.